COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TOWN OF

CHEEKTOWAGA



ERIE COUNTY, NEW YORK

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2020

SUPERVISOR: DIANE BENCZKOWSKI

COUNCILMEMBERS: CHRISTINE ADAMCZYK

LINDA HAMMER

JERRY KAMINSKI

BRIAN NOWAK

BRIAN PILARSKI

RICHARD RUSINIAK

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2020
Prepared by:
Town of Cheektowaga
Office of the Supervisor
Diane Benczkowski
Supervisor

Table of Contents Year Ended December 31, 2020

Introductory Section:	Page
Letter of Transmittal	.1
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	.5
Town Officials	.6
Organizational Chart	.7
Financial Section:	
Independent Auditors' Report	.8
Management's Discussion and Analysis	.10
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	.20
Statement of Activities	.21
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds	.22
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position	.23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit)—Governmental Funds	.24
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit)—Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities	25
Statement of Net Position—Proprietary Fund	.26
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position—Proprietary Fund	.27
Statement of Cash Flows—Proprietary Fund	.28
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position—Fiduciary Fund	.29
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position—Fiduciary Fund	.30
Notes to the Financial Statements(contin	

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Required Supplementary Information:	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability—Police and Fire Retirement System	60
Schedule of the Town's Contributions—Police and Fire Retirement System	61
Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability—Employees' Retirement System	62
Schedule of the Town's Contributions—Employees' Retirement System	63
Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	64
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—General Fund	65
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Highway Fund	66
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Sewer Fund	67
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Consolidated Garbage Fund	68
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	69
Supplementary Information:	
Combining Balance Sheet—Nonmajor Governmental Funds	70
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Nonmajor Governmental Funds	71
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Town Outside Village Fund	72
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Debt Service Fund	73
Combining Balance Sheet—Nonmajor Special Districts Funds	74
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Nonmajor Special Districts Funds	75
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Lighting District Fund	76 continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Page
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Master Drainage Fund	77
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Water Hydrant Fund	78
Statistical Section:	
Financial Trends:	
Schedule I—Net Position by Component	79
Schedule II—Changes in Net Position	80
Schedule III—Program Revenues by Function/Program	81
Schedule IV—Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	82
Schedule V—Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	83
Revenue Capacity:	
Schedule VI—Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds	85
Schedule VII—Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	86
Schedule VIII—Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	87
Schedule IX—Principal Taxpayers	88
Schedule X—Property Tax Levies and Collections	89
Debt Capacity:	
Schedule XI—Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	90
Schedule XII—Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	91
Schedule XIII—Computation of Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt	92
Schedule XIV—Legal Debt Margin Information	93

(continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2020

(concluded)	
<u>Page</u>	
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Schedule XV—Demographic and Economic Statistics	
Schedule XVI—Principal Cheektowaga Chamber of Commerce Business Members95	
Operating Information:	
Schedule XVII—Full-time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function/Program96	
Schedule XVIII—Operating Indicators	
Schedule XIX—Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program99	

INTRODUCTORY SECTION (UNAUDITED)

Town of Cheektowaga



Hon. Diane Benczkowski SUPERVISOR Cheektowaga Town Hall – Suite 201 3301 Broadway Street Cheektowaga, NY 14227

Office Phone: (716) 686-3465 Fax: (716) 686-3551 E-mail: supervisorsoffice@tocny.org

June 29, 2021

To the Citizens of the Town of Cheektowaga:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of Cheektowaga, New York (the "Town") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rest with the Town. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and the results of operations of the various funds of the Town. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Town's financial activities have been included in this report.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based on a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established by the Town. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements

The Town's financial statements have been audited by Drescher & Malecki LLP. They have issued an unmodified opinion thereon. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The management's discussion and analysis (the "MD&A") immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A is intended to complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town was also a part of the federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Town's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Profile of the Town

The Town is one of the several suburbs of Buffalo, New York. The Town is one of the largest towns in New York State and is centrally located within the region, which is commonly referred to as Western New York. The Town is a unit of local government created by the State of New York. The Town operates under provisions of New York State law with authority vested by those statutes.

The Town provides a full range of services. These services include police protection; sewage utility; sanitation and recycling; construction and maintenance of highways, roads and infrastructure; culture and recreation; community development and general administrative services. The Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation has been included in the financial statements of the Town as the Town Board is able to exercise significant control over its activities. Other units of government, which operate within the boundaries of the Town, are the Villages of Sloan, Depew and Williamsville. In addition, portions, or the total, of eight school districts provide public education within the Town. None of these entities have met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and, accordingly, are excluded from this report.

Local economy

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment in which the Town operates.

The region has many positive attributes. The area boasts to house one of the natural wonders of the world, Niagara Falls, which attracts thousands of tourists each year. We have a national league football and hockey team, a prominent theater district in downtown Buffalo that has recently undergone extensive improvements, a renowned philharmonic orchestra, and numerous other cultural and social activities. The Town of Cheektowaga is located close to Lake Erie, with numerous public beaches and docks available to residents and visitors. The Lake Erie waterfront has experienced vast development. We are located a short distance from major metropolis areas, including Toronto, Canada, representing the center of Canadian commerce, industry and population, Cleveland, Ohio and Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

The Town has a solid financial footing and hosts a regional shopping hub that continually lures additional retail opportunities.

Positive factors which have helped or are anticipated to help the local economy include:

- 1. Buffalo Niagara International Airport Travelers paid the second-highest airfare in the nation several years ago. Over the last several years, airport fares have been driven down by powerhouse budget carriers such as Southwest Airlines, Jet Blue, and Frontier. Today, this airport is the hub for a huge travel market stretching deep into Upstate New York, Northern Pennsylvania and Southern Ontario. In 2019, the airport began an \$80 million renovation project which will improve pedestrian flow, curbside congestion, meet and greet facilities, baggage claim capacity and security. This project is anticipated to take about three years to complete.
- 2. The Town continues to be a hub of commercial and residential development in Western New York, even with the COVID pandemic happening. During 2020, the Town issued 2,904 building permits with a construction value of \$26.5 million.
- 3. There were some very exciting developments regarding businesses in Town. New projects include a Big Ditch Brewery 100,000 square foot building, Royal Car Wash state of the art 4,000 square foot facility, and a mixed-use project called Hillview Heights with 3 commercial buildings and 340 residential units. Many businesses are expanding in our Town such as the Walden avenue Delta Sonic, Pella Windows and Doors opened their new Pella experience center and Big L Windows and Doors started a \$1.5 million dollar expansion. Additionally, the Benderson redevelopment of the Garden Village Plaza from retail to warehouse distribution is continuing to take shape as they have entered Phase II of this parcel project. This is cleaning up a very large parcel in the Town that has been vacant for years!

Long-term financial planning

The General Fund's unassigned fund balance of \$10,486,650 represents approximately 20.4 percent of its annual operating budget. This fund balance is viewed by management as a fiscally sound position. The Board believes this level of fund balance is adequate and it intends to maintain current levels.

As part of its strategic plan, the Town has set some goals and objectives in order to move forward and make the Town a better place to live. A few of these goals are as follows:

- 1. The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) has issued a consent order on the Town requiring that we develop a plan to deal with excess clear rain water entering the Town's sanitary sewer system. Since the sanitary sewer system was not designed to handle this excess clear water, it becomes overloaded during times of high groundwater or heavy rainfall. This can cause basement flooding or bypassing of raw wastewater to local streams and lakes. This plan is being formulated with the NYSDEC. This project was estimated to cost \$60 million over 10 years. The Town had initially issued \$12 million bonds in 2015 for this work. Subsequently, we were able to obtain a \$5 million grant and \$15 million no interest loan from the NYS Environmental Facilities Corporation for continuing work in 2017 and beyond. The Town has assigned \$2 million of Sewer Fund fund balance to assist in future obligations relating to pollution remediation. During 2017, 2018, and again in 2019, the Town successfully was awarded \$5 million NYSDEC water quality improvement program grant monies for a total of \$15 million in grants to assist in reducing the cost of this project to the Town residents. Additionally, in 2019, \$5 million in sewer bonds were issued and in 2020, \$4.5 million in sewer bonds, including premium on the sewer bonds, were issued to cover Town matching costs related to the NYSDEC grant monies.
- 2. As a member of the Erie County Industrial Development Agency, the Town has strongly emphasized the needs of our community. There has been a continued emphasis on reaching out to businesses by the ECIDA and passage of "The Adaptive Reuse Policy" allows for loans and assistance to older structures which should help our community. Other than the City of Buffalo, more businesses in Cheektowaga have been assisted by the ECIDA than any other community.
- 3. The Town has coordinated efforts with Buffalo Erie Niagara Land Improvement Corporation (BENLIC) to battle against vacant properties within our Town. BENLIC has a land bank that acquires certain vacant properties with assistance from our housing and neighborhood preservation office. This land bank facilitates the turnaround of the property from vacant, abandoned, and foreclosed property to a productive use property from which that our Town will benefit.
- 4. During 2020, the Town, through our Community Development Office, has rehabilitated and brought up to housing code standards 18 housing units for a total investment of \$385,421. The housing rehabilitation program and the Town's code enforcement efforts are important elements of the Town's commitment to stabilize and preserve its neighborhoods.

Major initiatives

There are a number of positive items to report in the area of service accomplishments and revenue enhancement / cost reduction:

1. In an effort to prevent abandoned (zombie) homes throughout the Town, the Town has created a Zombie Home Task Force. We are also the recipient of a \$250,000 grant for zombie remediation and prevention. This is a two pronged solution to prevent and remediate blighted homes as well as promote homeowner retention and zombie prevention. Through house by house inspections, the Town staff

have evaluated more than 26,000 homes and identified 528 vacant structures. This grant has provided the resources needed to properly deal with these vacant structures. Through this task force and an additional \$250,000 grant, the Town has reduced these vacant structures to 203 at the end of 2020.

2. In 2020, the Town of Cheektowaga joined the Erie County Electric Consortium for the supply of our electricity to our Town buildings and street and traffic lights. By joining this consortium, the Town has been able to benefit with lower supply costs that have allowed us to reduce our budgeted numbers by approximately \$200,000.

Through innovative ideas and continual efforts of our Town employees, we remain an active and financially stable Town.

Financial policies

The Town has developed a Capital Plan for future capital projects within the Town. Management has decided to fund some of these projects out of current fund balances in the General, Highway and Sewer Funds. These amounts have been assigned in the fund balances of each of those funds.

Awards and acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. This was the twenty-eighth consecutive year that the Town has received this prestigious award. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such comprehensive annual financial report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the accounting department. I would like to express my appreciation to all who assisted and contributed to its preparation.

In closing, I also wish to thank the Town Board for their leadership and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Town in a responsible and progressive manner.

Sincerely,

Diane Benczkowski Supervisor

Diani Benakowski

Chief Fiscal Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Cheektowaga New York

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK

Town Officials Year Ended December 31, 2020

Title: Name: **Elected:** Diane Benczkowski Supervisor **Deputy Supervisor** Jerry Kaminski Christine Adamczyk Councilmember Linda Hammer Councilmember Councilmember Brian Nowak Brian Pilarski Councilmember Richard Rusiniak Councilmember Town Justice James J. Speyer Jr. **David Stevens** Town Justice Superintendent of Highways Mark D. Wegner Town Clerk/Receiver of Taxes Kimberly A. Burst **Appointed:** Jill M. Murphy Town Assessor John M. Dudziak Town Attorney Brian M. Krause Director of Administration and Finance **Civil Service:** Patrick T. Bowen Town Engineer Michael Sliwinski Police Chief

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART** Citizens of the Town of Cheektowaga Supervisor* Superintendent Town Town Clerk* of Highways* Justices* and Town Board* Engineering Finance Police Assessments Community Personnel Development Facilities Law Youth and Code Recreation Enforcement Senior Central Services Garage Building Sanitation Maintenance Sewer Maint. and Treatment * Represents an independently elected official.



Drescher & Malecki LLP

3083 William Street, Suite 5 Buffalo, New York 14227 Telephone: 716.565.2299

Fax: 716.565.2201



Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Town Board Town of Cheektowaga, New York:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Cheektowaga, New York (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 (with the Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation for the year fiscal year ended March 31, 2020), and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Town's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation (the "Corporation"), a blended component unit which is shown as a business-type activity. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Corporation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Supplementary Information, and Statistical Section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory Section and Statistical Section, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

June 29, 2021

Drescher & Maleckie LLP

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended December 31, 2020

As management of the Town of Cheektowaga, New York (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the primary government exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$94,431,992 (*net position*). This consists of \$86,060,139 net investment in capital assets and \$16,085,284 restricted for specific purposes, offset by an unrestricted net position of \$(196,577,415).
- The Town's primary government net position decreased by \$21,522,115. Governmental activities decreased the net position by \$21,448,553 during the year ended December 31, 2020, and the net position of business-type activities decreased by \$73,562 during the year ended March 31, 2020.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$49,395,606, a decrease of \$4,993,762 in comparison with the prior year's fund balance of \$54,389,368. This decrease was primarily due to capital outlay expenditures and transfers out exceeding revenues and other financing sources within the Capital Projects Fund.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, *unassigned fund* balance for the General Fund was \$10,486,650, or approximately 19.9 percent of General Fund expenditures and transfers out. This total amount is *available for spending* at the Town's discretion and constitutes approximately 41.0 percent of the General Fund's total fund balance of \$25,582,062 at December 31, 2020.
- During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town's total serial bonds outstanding increased by \$2,580,000, due to the issuance of \$6,250,000 in general obligation serial bonds, partially offset by scheduled principal payments of \$3,670,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements—The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town include general government support, public safety, transportation, economic assistance and opportunity, culture and recreation, home and community services, and interest and other fiscal charges. The Town reports the operations of the Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation ("E.D.C") as a business-type activity. The E.D.C. is a blended component unit of the Town and has a fiscal year-end of March 31, 2020.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 20-21 of this report.

Fund financial statements—A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds—Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources, available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town maintains twelve individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Highway Fund, Sewer Fund, Consolidated Garbage Fund, Community Development Fund and Capital Projects Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other six funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-25 of this report.

Proprietary funds—The Town maintains one enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses an enterprise fund to account for the operations conducted by the Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation ("E.D.C."), a blended component unit of the Town.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26-28 of this report.

Fiduciary funds—Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town's own programs. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. The Town maintains one fiduciary fund, the Custodial Fund.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-30 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements—The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided on the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31-59 of this report.

Other information—In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the Town's net pension liabilities, the changes in the Town's total other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") liability, and the Town's budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Highway Fund, Sewer Fund, and Consolidated Garbage Fund. Required supplementary information and a related note to the required supplementary information can be found on pages 60-69 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the Required Supplementary Information in the Supplementary Information section of this report on pages 70-71 and 74-75.

Budgetary comparison schedules for each nonmajor fund with a legally adopted budget are presented immediately following their respective combining statements in the Supplementary Information section of this report on pages 72-73 and 76-78.

The Statistical Section can be found on pages 79-99 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the primary government exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$94,431,992 at the close of the most recent fiscal year, as compared to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeding assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$72,909,877 at the close of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Table 1, shown on the following page, presents a condensed statement of net position compared to the prior year.

Table 1—Condensed Statements of Net Position—Primary Government

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	Total Primary Government			
	Decem	ber 31,	Decem	ber 31,	December 31,			
	2020 2019		2020	2019	2020	2019		
Current and other assets	\$ 62,381,174	\$ 69,237,421	\$ 1,249,547	\$ 1,280,174	\$ 63,630,721	\$ 70,517,595		
Capital assets	148,445,598	138,578,828			148,445,598	138,578,828		
Total assets	210,826,772	207,816,249	1,249,547	1,280,174	212,076,319	209,096,423		
Deferred outflows of resources	92,561,305	65,918,813			92,561,305	65,918,813		
Current liabilities	14,365,348	15,771,079	57,103	14,168	14,422,451	15,785,247		
Noncurrent liabilities	376,328,174	327,668,032			376,328,174	327,668,032		
Total liabilities	390,693,522	343,439,111	57,103	14,168	390,750,625	343,453,279		
Deferred inflows of resources	8,318,991	4,471,834			8,318,991	4,471,834		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	86,060,139	81,963,117	-	-	86,060,139	81,963,117		
Restricted	16,085,284	16,092,047	-	-	16,085,284	16,092,047		
Unrestricted	(197,769,859)	(172,231,047)	1,192,444	1,266,006	(196,577,415)	(170,965,041)		
Total net position	\$ (95,624,436)	\$ (74,175,883)	\$ 1,192,444	\$ 1,266,006	\$ (94,431,992)	\$ (72,909,877)		

The largest portion of the Town's net position, \$86,060,139, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The Town uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town's net position, \$16,085,284, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The remaining net position, \$(196,577,415), is considered to be an unrestricted deficit.

Table 2, as presented below, shows the changes in net position for the years ended December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

Table 2—Condensed Statements of Changes in Net Position—Primary Government

	Governmental Activities				Business-ty	ctivities	Total Primary Government						
		Decem	ıber	31,	December 31,					December 31,			
		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019	
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	2,867,088	\$	4,263,828	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,867,088	\$	4,263,828	
Operating grants and contributions		3,165,439		3,462,689		-		-		3,165,439		3,462,689	
Capital grants and contributions		923,307		3,893,338		-		-		923,307		3,893,338	
General revenues		84,532,637		84,728,673		7,774		41,749		84,540,411		84,770,422	
Total revenues		91,488,471		96,348,528		7,774		41,749		91,496,245		96,390,277	
Program expenses	_	112,937,024	_	107,502,537		81,336		517,632	_	113,018,360	_	108,020,169	
Change in net position		(21,448,553)		(11,154,009)		(73,562)		(475,883)		(21,522,115)		(11,629,892)	
Net position—beginning		(74,175,883)	_	(63,021,874)		1,266,006		1,741,889		(72,909,877)	_	(61,279,985)	
Net position—ending	\$	(95,624,436)	\$	(74,175,883)	\$	1,192,444	\$	1,266,006	\$	(94,431,992)	\$	(72,909,877)	

Governmental activities—Overall revenues of governmental activities decreased 5.0 percent from the prior year, due primarily to decreased capital grants related to the Town's sewer rehabilitation project and decreased charges for services due to fewer programs operating during the year as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. Total program expenses of governmental activities increased 5.1 percent from the prior year, due to increased pension and OPEB employee benefits allocable to all functions of governmental activities.

A summary of sources of revenues for the years ended December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 is presented below in Table 3.

Table 3—Summary of Sources of Revenues—Governmental Activities

		Year Ended l	Dec	ember 31,	Increase/(Decrease)			
	2020			2019		Dollars	Percent (%)	
Charges for services	\$	2,867,088	\$	4,263,828	\$	(1,396,740)	(32.8)	
Operating grants and contributions		3,165,439		3,462,689		(297,250)	(8.6)	
Capital grants and contributions		923,307		3,893,338		(2,970,031)	(76.3)	
Property taxes and other tax items		80,849,508		81,183,655		(334,147)	(0.4)	
Use of money and property		527,699		942,604		(414,905)	(44.0)	
Sale of property and compensation for loss		189,709		126,664		63,045	49.8	
Miscellaneous		1,370,001		260,895		1,109,106	425.1	
Unrestricted state aid		1,595,720		2,214,855	_	(619,135)	(28.0)	
Total revenues	\$	91,488,471	\$	96,348,528	\$	(4,860,057)	(5.0)	

The Town's most significant source of revenue was property taxes and other tax items, which accounts for \$80,849,508, or 88.4 percent of total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2020, and \$81,183,655, or 84.3 percent of total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2019. The next largest source of revenue for the year ended December 31, 2020 was operating grants and contributions of \$3,165,439, or 3.5 percent of total revenues. The second largest source of revenue for the year ended December 31, 2019 was charges for services of \$4,263,828, or 4.4 percent of total revenues.

A summary of program expenses for governmental activities for the years ended December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 is presented below in Table 4.

Table 4—Summary of Program Expenses—Governmental Activities

		Year Ended 1	Dece		Increase/(Decrease)			
	2020			2019	Dollars		Percent (%)	
General government support	\$	18,516,910	\$	17,304,109	\$	1,212,801	7.0	
Public safety		32,941,762		32,833,227		108,535	0.3	
Transportation		13,652,172		12,859,267		792,905	6.2	
Economic assistance and opportunity		10,389		8,911		1,478	16.6	
Culture and recreation		6,932,661		8,548,850		(1,616,189)	(18.9)	
Home and community services		38,291,456		33,940,233		4,351,223	12.8	
Interest and other fiscal charges		2,591,674		2,007,940	_	583,734	29.1	
Total program expenses	\$	112,937,024	\$	107,502,537	\$	5,434,487	5.1	

The Town's most significant expense items for the year ended December 31, 2020 were home and community services of \$38,291,456, or 33.9 percent of total expenses, public safety of \$32,941,762, or 29.2 percent of total expenses, general government support of \$18,516,910, or 16.4 percent of total expenses, and transportation of \$13,652,172, or 12.1 percent of total expenses. Similarly, for the year ended December 31, 2019, significant expenses were home and community services of \$33,940,233, or 31.6 percent of total expenses, public safety of \$32,833,227, or 30.5 percent of total expenses, general government support of \$17,304,109, or 16.1 percent of total expenses, and transportation of \$12,859,267, or 12.1 percent of total expenses

Business-type activities—Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$73,562. For the year ended March 31, 2020, revenues decreased 81.4 percent and expenses decreased by 84.3 percent. Revenues decreased significantly from the prior year due to the recovery of loan revenues occurring during the 2019 fiscal year. Expenses decreased \$436,296 from the prior year primarily due to the significant decrease in program service costs during the COVID-19 pandemic.

A summary of revenues and expenses for the Town's business-type activities for the years ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 is presented on the below in Table 5.

Table 5—Summary of Sources of Revenues—Business-type Activities

	 Year Ended	d Ma	rch 31,	Increase/(Decrease)			
	 2020		2019		Dollars	Percent (%)	
Revenues:							
Loan interest	\$ 5,357	\$	15,280	\$	(9,923)	(64.9)	
Recovery of bad debt	-		25,000		(25,000)	(100.0)	
Miscellaneous	 2,417		1,469		948	64.5	
Total revenues	\$ 7,774	\$	41,749	\$	(33,975)	(81.4)	
Expenses:							
Program services	\$ 37,015	\$	402,348	\$	(365,333)	(90.8)	
Management and general	14,089		15,284		(1,195)	(7.8)	
Program income recapture	 30,232		100,000		(69,768)	(69.8)	
Total expenses	\$ 81,336	\$	517,632	\$	(436,296)	(84.3)	

The most significant source of revenue for business-type activities for the year ended March 31, 2020 was loan interest, which accounted for \$5,357, or 68.9 percent of total revenues. For the year ended March 31, 2019, the most significant source of revenue was recovery of bad debt, which accounted for \$25,000, or 59.9 percent of total revenues.

The Town's most significant expense item for business-type activities for the year ended March 31, 2020 was program services costs, which accounted for \$37,015, or 45.5 percent of total expenses. Similarly, for the year ended March 31, 2019, the most significant expense item was program services costs, which accounted for \$402,348, or 77.7 percent of total expenses.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

Governmental funds—The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance and fund balance assigned to

specific use in special revenue funds may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use, as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the Town itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the Town Board.

At December 31, 2020, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$49,395,606, a decrease of \$4,993,762 in comparison with the prior year. This decrease was primarily due to expenditures and transfers out exceeding revenues and other financing sources within the Capital Projects Fund. Approximately 38.8 percent, \$19,160,076, of the combined ending fund balances constitutes unassigned fund balance and fund balance assigned to specific use, which is available for spending at the Town's discretion or amounts within special revenue funds that are not restricted, committed, or assigned for particular purposes. The remainder of fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is: (1) not in spendable form, \$1,765,610, (2) restricted for particular purposes, \$16,085,284, or (3) assigned for particular purposes, \$12,384,636.

A summary of the Town's major governmental funds' fund balance is provided in Table 6 below:

Table 6—Major Governmental Funds' Fund Balance

	General			Highway		Sewer	
Net change in fund balances	\$	2,219,208	\$	663,956	\$	(56,609)	
Unassigned or assigned to							
the fund's specific use		10,486,650		6,980,949		3,947,776	
Total fund balances		25,582,062		9,990,443		7,633,812	
Percentage unassigned or							
assigned to specific use	41.0%			69.9%		51.7%	
	Consolidated			ommunity	Capital		
		Garbage	De	velopment	Projects		
Net change in fund balances	\$	(77,045)	\$	(151,789)	\$	(6,906,770)	
Unassigned or assigned to							
the fund's specific use		2,182,389		-		(7,283,069)	
Total fund balances (deficit)		2,574,031		6,120,292		(7,283,069)	
Percentage unassigned or							
assigned to specific use		84.8%		n/a		n/a	

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. Total ending fund balance was \$25,582,062. Approximately 41.0 percent, \$10,486,650, of this amount is unassigned fund balance. The General Fund fund balance increased \$2,219,208 as a result of General Fund expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2020 being lower than expected, decreasing 1.4 percent, or \$696,542 from the year ended December 31, 2019. This variance was largely the result of a decrease in culture and recreation expenditures, due to less activity resulting from the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total expenditures and transfers out. Unassigned fund balance represents 19.9 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 48.5 percent of that same amount.

The Town's Highway Fund ending fund balance was \$9,990,443. Approximately 69.9 percent, \$6,980,949, of this amount is reported as fund balance assigned for specific highway use. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Highway Fund fund balance increased \$663,956, primarily due to sales tax revenues exceeding budgeted amounts.

The Town's Sewer Fund ending fund balance was \$7,633,812. Approximately 51.7 percent, \$3,947,776, of this amount is fund balance assigned for specific sewer use. Fund balance within the Sewer Fund decreased by \$56,609 in the current year mainly due to home and community services expenditures related to sewer maintenance costs and transfers out exceeding revenues and transfers in.

The Town's Consolidated Garbage Fund ending fund balance was \$2,574,031. Approximately 84.8 percent, \$2,182,389, of this amount is fund balance assigned for specific consolidated garbage use. Fund balance within the Consolidated Garbage Fund decreased by \$77,045 mainly due to home and community services expenditures related to landfill costs exceeding revenues and transfers in.

The Town's Community Development Fund ending fund balance was \$6,120,292. Approximately 99.9 percent, \$6,120,212, of this amount represents fund balance restricted for operation of the community development loans. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Community Development Fund fund balance decreased by \$151,789 as program expenditures exceeded grant revenues.

The Town's Capital Projects Fund reported an ending fund balance deficit of \$7,283,069. During the year ended December 31, 2020, fund balance decreased \$6,906,770 from the prior year primarily due to a decrease in state aid related to the Town's sewer rehabilitation project and capital outlay costs not yet funded. The deficit will be eliminated as resources are obtained through long-term debt issuances and reimbursement of state aid.

Proprietary fund—The Town's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the governmental-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total net position of the Cheektowaga E.D.C. at March 31, 2020 totaled \$1,192,444 of unrestricted net position. The Cheektowaga E.D.C. net position decreased \$73,562 during the year ended March 31, 2020 primarily as a result of program service fees exceeding revenues.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town's General Fund budget generally contains budget amendments during the year. The budget is allowed to be amended upward (increased) for prior year's encumbrances since the funds were allocated under the previous year's budget, and the Town has appropriately assigned an equal amount of fund balance at year-end for this purpose. Furthermore, the budget is allowed to be amended upward (increased) for additional current year appropriations supported by an increase in budgeted revenues. A budgetary comparison schedule within the required supplementary information section of this report has been provided to demonstrate compliance with their budget.

A summary of the General Fund results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2020 is presented on the following page in Table 7.

Table 7—General Fund Budget

	Budgeted Amounts						Va	riance with
	Original			Final		Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues and other financing sources Expenditures and other financing uses	\$	54,008,084 57,924,257	\$	55,149,751 59,602,892	\$	54,930,349 52,711,141	\$	(219,402) 6,891,751
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over							-	
expenditures and other financing uses	\$	(3,916,173)	\$	(4,453,141)	\$	2,219,208	\$	6,672,349

Original budget compared to final budget—At the close of the fiscal year, the overall budgeted appropriations increased by \$1,678,635. This increase was largely due to increased supplemental appropriations for the Town's equipment needed related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Final budget compared to actual results—A review of actual revenues and expenditures compared to the estimated revenues and appropriations in the final budget yields significant variances. General Fund total expenditures and transfers out were \$6,891,751 less than corresponding final budgeted appropriations mainly due to less employee benefit expenditures related to health insurance claims, which were budgeted higher than the increase realized from the prior year. Additionally, the General Fund public safety and culture and recreation expenditures yielded significant variances compared to the final budget as personnel and contractual costs incurred were less than budgeted as a result of COVID-19 pandemic closures.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets—The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2020, amounted to \$148,445,598 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, permanent fixtures, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town had significant changes within the infrastructure capital asset class due to the completion of capital projects including the sanitary sewer systems, storm drainages, and highway reconstruction. The Town's business-type activities had no capital assets at year-end.

All depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current year, as outlined in the Town's capital asset policy.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation for governmental activities for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 are presented below in Table 8.

Table 8—Summary of Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

_	Governme	ntal Ac	ctivities
_	Dece	mber 3	1,
_	2020		2019
Land	\$ 6,781,714	\$	6,781,714
Construction in progress	791,000		1,199,007
Buildings	26,577,174		27,453,637
Permanent fixtures	8,745,012		9,044,322
Machinery and equipment	13,839,223		12,424,003
Infrastructure	 91,711,475		81,676,145
Total governmental activities	\$ 148,445,598	\$	138,578,828

The Town's infrastructure assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost in the government-wide financial statements. The Town has elected to depreciate their infrastructure assets. Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Long-term debt—At December 31, 2020, the Town' governmental activities had total bonded debt outstanding of \$54,990,000, as compared to \$52,410,000 in the prior year. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town issued serial bonds in the amount of \$6,250,000, and made scheduled bond principal payments of \$3,670,000. New York State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue up to 7% of its five year valuation. The Town's debt is within the limit.

The Town's governmental activities also have recorded debt for capital leases, landfill obligation, compensated absences, OPEB obligation, judgments and claims and net pension liability. The Town's business-type activities did not report any long-term debt at year-end.

A summary of the Town's long-term liabilities for governmental activities at December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 is presented below in Table 9.

Table 9—Summary of Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Activities						
	Decem	ber í	31,			
2	2020		2019			
\$ 54	4,990,000	\$	52,410,000			
	7,076,363		6,904,340			
	319,096		525,106			
	935,000		1,020,000			
13	3,838,383		13,360,603			
260	0,518,890		241,427,438			
	-		900,000			
38	8,650,442		11,120,545			
\$ 376	5,328,174	\$	327,668,032			
	\$ 54 \$ 54 260	December 2020 \$ 54,990,000 7,076,363 319,096	December 2 2020 \$ 54,990,000 \$ 7,076,363 319,096 935,000 13,838,383 260,518,890 - 38,650,442			

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

On January 31, 2020, the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services ("HHS") declared a public health emergency related to the global spread of coronavirus COVID-19, and a pandemic was declared by the World Health Organization in February 2020. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Town's operational and financial performance will depend on further developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on patients, employees and vendors all of which cannot be predicted. Largely as a result of the public health emergency, the unemployment rate, not seasonally adjusted, for the Buffalo-Niagara region during December 2020 was 7.9 percent, as compared to New York State's unemployment rate of 8.5 percent and the national unemployment rate of 6.7 percent. These factors are considered in preparing the Town's budget.

The Town considered current year operational expenses and estimated increases based on economic factors when establishing the 2021 budget. The Town's 2021 budget includes the appropriation of \$3,700,000 of fund balance in the General Fund. Additional information on the Town's budgeted appropriations of fund balance can be found in Note 11 to the financial statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors and investors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Supervisor's Office, Town of Cheektowaga, 3301 Broadway Street, Cheektowaga, NY 14227.





TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2020

			Primary overnment	
	G	overnmental Activities	siness-Type activities	Total
ASSETS			_	_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,039,893	\$ 601,225	\$ 34,641,118
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		11,454,849	-	11,454,849
Receivables		889,078	903	889,981
Loans receivable		6,172,109	547,419	6,719,528
Intergovernmental receivables		8,029,403	100,000	8,129,403
Internal balances		30,232	(30,232)	· · · · -
Prepaid items		1,765,610	-	1,765,610
Capital assets, not being depreciated		7,572,714	-	7,572,714
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		140,872,884	-	140,872,884
Total assets		210,826,772	1,219,315	212,046,087
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows—relating to pensions		28,560,132	-	28,560,132
Deferred outflows—relating to OPEB		64,001,173	-	64,001,173
Total deferred outflows of resources		92,561,305	-	92,561,305
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		2,320,563	26,871	2,347,434
Retainages payable		547,705	-	547,705
Accrued liabilities		9,682,207	-	9,682,207
Intergovernmental payables		1,293,777	-	1,293,777
Unearned revenue		521,096	-	521,096
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year		4,950,591	-	4,950,591
Due within more than one year		371,377,583	 	 371,377,583
Total liabilities		390,693,522	 26,871	 390,720,393
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows—golf course lease		24,579	-	24,579
Deferred inflows—relating to pensions		1,263,089	-	1,263,089
Deferred inflows—relating to OPEB		7,031,323	 	 7,031,323
Total deferred inflows of resources		8,318,991		 8,318,991
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		86,060,139	-	86,060,139
Restricted for:				
Insurance		8,752,072	-	8,752,072
Debt reduction		1,213,000	-	1,213,000
Community development loans		6,120,212	-	6,120,212
Unrestricted		(197,769,859)	 1,192,444	 (196,577,415)
Total net position	\$	(95,624,436)	\$ 1,192,444	\$ (94,431,992)

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2020

				Prog	ram Revenu	es			,		ense) Revenue es in Net Positio		
				(perating		Capital		Primary Government				
Function/Program	Expenses		narges for Services	_	rants and ntributions		rants and ntributions	G	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Primary government:													
Governmental activities:													
General government support	\$ 18,516,910	\$	744,868	\$	700	\$	-	\$	(17,771,342)	\$	-	\$	(17,771,342)
Public safety	32,941,762		999,699		291,225		-		(31,650,838)		-		(31,650,838)
Transportation	13,652,172		359,338		45,020		923,307		(12,324,507)		-		(12,324,507)
Economic assistance and opportunity	10,389		-		-		-		(10,389)		-		(10,389)
Culture and recreation	6,932,661		408,168		50,724		-		(6,473,769)		-		(6,473,769)
Home and community services	38,291,456		355,015		2,777,770		-		(35,158,671)		-		(35,158,671)
Interest and other fiscal charges	2,591,674								(2,591,674)				(2,591,674)
Total governmental activity	112,937,024		2,867,088		3,165,439		923,307	_	(105,981,190)	_		(105,981,190
Business-type activities:													
Cheektowaga E.D.C.	81,336									_	(81,336)		(81,336)
Total primary government	\$ 113,018,360	\$	2,867,088	\$	3,165,439	\$	923,307			\$	(81,336)	\$	(81,336)
		Gen	eral revenues	s:									
		Pr	operty taxes	and t	ax items				69,795,546		-		69,795,546
		No	on-property t	axes:									
		:	Sales tax						9,892,001		-		9,892,001
			Cable franch	ise ta	X				1,161,961		-		1,161,961
		Us	se of money	and p	roperty				527,699		5,357		533,056
			-	_	d compensati	on for	loss		189,709		´-		189,709
			iscellaneous	,					1,370,001		2,417		1,372,418
		Uı	restricted st	ate ai	d				1,595,720		-		1,595,720
		,	Total genera	l reve	enues				84,532,637		7,774		84,540,411
			Change in						(21,448,553)		(73,562)		(21,522,115)
		Net	position—be						(74,175,883)		1,266,006		(72,909,877)
			position—en	-	S			\$	(95,624,436)	\$	1,192,444	\$	(94,431,992)

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK

Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

		Special Revenue								Total		Total	
	 General		Highway		Sewer		onsolidated Garbage		Community evelopment	 Capital Projects	 Nonmajor Funds	Go	overnmental Funds
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,429,547	\$	5,851,156	\$	4,273,811	\$	3,319,011	\$	179,582	\$ -	\$ 2,986,786	\$	34,039,893
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	9,124,804		-		-		-		-	269,544	2,060,501		11,454,849
Receivables	853,832		7,143		1,743		25,215		-	-	1,145		889,078
Loans receivable	51,897		-		-		-		6,120,212	-	-		6,172,109
Intergovernmental receivables	895,401		4,422,651		473,166		34,210		348,262	734,891	1,120,822		8,029,403
Due from other funds	11,019,818		1,749,627		4,511,567		520,332		-	412,266	561,864		18,775,474
Prepaid items	 1,412,616		154,494		68,438		91,642	_	80	 -	38,340		1,765,610
Total assets	\$ 40,787,915	\$	12,185,071	\$	9,328,725	\$	3,990,410	\$	6,648,136	\$ 1,416,701	\$ 6,769,458	\$	81,126,416
LIABILITIES	_	· ·	_							 	 _		
Accounts payable	\$ 459,233	\$	296,904	\$	56,988	\$	202,172	\$	7,787	\$ 1,200,550	\$ 96,929	\$	2,320,563
Accrued liabilities	8,136,041		273,120		154,509		148,840		-	-	61,146		8,773,656
Intergovernmental payables	954,317		32,673		253,918		20,107		9,897	-	22,865		1,293,777
Due to other funds	5,207,054		1,591,931		1,229,498		1,045,260		361,796	7,499,220	1,810,483		18,745,242
Unearned revenue	 372,732								148,364	_			521,096
Total liabilities	 15,129,377		2,194,628		1,694,913		1,416,379		527,844	 8,699,770	1,991,423		31,654,334
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable revenue—golf course lease	24,579		-		-		-		-	-	-		24,579
Unavailable revenue—loans receivable	51,897		-		-		_		-	_	-		51,897
Total deferred inflows of resources	 76,476		_		_		_		_	_	-		76,476
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)										 			
Nonspendable	1,412,616		154,494		68,438		91,642		80	_	38,340		1,765,610
Restricted	8,752,072		-		-		-		6,120,212	_	1,213,000		16,085,284
Assigned	4,930,724		9,835,949		7,565,374		2,482,389		-	_	3,526,695		28,341,131
Unassigned	10,486,650		-		-		-		-	(7,283,069)	-		3,203,581
Total fund balances (deficit)	 25,582,062		9,990,443		7,633,812		2,574,031		6,120,292	(7,283,069)	4,778,035		49,395,606
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of													
resources and fund balances (deficit)	\$ 40,787,915	\$	12,185,071	\$	9,328,725	\$	3,990,410	\$	6,648,136	\$ 1,416,701	\$ 6,769,458	\$	81,126,416

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 20) are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net positi	ion (page 20) are differ	ent be	cause:
Total fund balances (deficit)—governmental funds (page 22)		\$	49,395,606
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finar therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. The co \$255,247,979 and the accumulated depreciation is \$106,802,381	ost of the assets is		148,445,598
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to postemployment benefits ("OPEB") are applicable to future pe are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows related to employer contributions Deferred outflows related to experience, changes of investment earnings, and changes in proportion	\$ 4,779,187 23,780,945		
Deferred inflows related to pension plans	(1,263,089)		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability	64,001,173		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability	(7,031,323)		84,266,893
Retained percentages are not a current liability and, therefore, ar fund statements. Certain revenues reported in the statement of net position ar	•		(547,705)
availability period for recognition in the governmental funds.	e received after the		51,897
Net accrued interest expense for serial bonds is not reported in the	ne fund statements.		(908,551)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period	od and, therefore, are		
not reported in the funds. The effects of these items are: Serial bonds Premiums on serial bonds Capital leases Landfill obligation Compensated absences OPEB obligation Net pension liability	\$ (54,990,000) (7,076,363) (319,096) (935,000) (13,838,383) (260,518,890) (38,650,442)		(376,328,174)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	(95,624,436)
		<u> </u>	

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit)—Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

RVENUES General Englance Composition Com					Special 1	Rev	enue				Total		– Total
Real properly taxis			General	Highway	Sewer					ľ	Nonmajor	Go	overnmental
Other property tax items 663,079 20,676 - 4,350 - 3,400 3,900 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th> _</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th> </th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>				 _				 					
Non-property tax items	Real property taxes	\$, ,	\$	\$ 12,036,312	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$, ,	\$	
Sale tax 9,823,305 - - - 2,826,006 9,892,010 Cable finachise tax 1,161,961 - - - - 1,161,961 - 1,161,961 - 1,161,961 - 1,102,102 1,029,122			663,079	20,676	-		4,350	-	-		3,400		691,505
Cale franchise tax													
Pepartmental income			-	9,623,305	-		-	-	-		268,696		
Discription commental charges 15,948 26,104 27,150 2 5,375 16,377 214,379 16,804 27,150 27,150 2 5,375 16,377 214,379 16,804 27,150 2				-	-		-	-	-		-		
Use of money and property 125,492 23,179 16,804 27,150 2 5,755 16,377 214,379 Licenses and ferricitures 734,693 - - - - - 470,572 476,823 Sale of property and compensation for loss 81,357 106,550 1,802 - - - - 470,572 476,893 Miscellanceus 334,393 31,468 84,666 14,811 - 1,820 902,843 1,370,001 State aid 1,256,866 45,020 6,344 19,110 1,515,459 40,259 700 2,823,719 Tedard aid 1,256,866 45,020 6,344 19,110 1,515,459 40,259 700 2,833,749 Total revenues 49,256,400 30,68,935 12,413,032 8,914,092 1,515,459 30,502 50,763 91,175,151 Telegical divisionement support 10,575,943 - - - - - - - - 1,575,943 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>941,216</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>87,911</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<>			941,216	-	-		87,911	-	-		-		
Licenses and permits			-				_	-	-		-		
Principal programment support 10,575,943 13,750,740 13,070,740				23,179	16,804		27,150	2	5,375				
Sale of property and compensation for loss 81,357 106,550 1,802				-	-		-	-	-		470,572		
Miscellaneous	Fines and forfeitures		734,693	-	-		-	-	-		-		
State in	Sale of property and compensation for loss		81,357	106,550	1,802		-	-	-		-		189,709
Part	Miscellaneous		334,393	31,468	84,666		14,811	-	1,820		902,843		
Total revenues	State aid		1,885,516	52,153	-		-	-	883,048		-		2,820,717
EXPENDITURES	Federal aid		1,236,866	 45,020	 6,344		19,110	1,515,450	 40,259		700		2,863,749
EXPENDITURES	Total revenues		49,256,400	 13,068,935	 12,413,032		8,914,092	 1,515,452	 930,502		5,076,738		91,175,151
Current: General government support									 				
General government support 10,575,943 - - - - - 1,161,575,943 Public safety 17,975,426 - - - - 1,161,575,943 Public safety 17,975,426 - - - - 1,161,551 19,136,977 Transportation 272,750 6,046,297 - - - - 6,319,697 Economic assistance and opportunity 5,740 - - - - 6,319,606 Under and recreation 3,097,193 - - - - 6,874 3,166,067 Home and community services - 3,775 8,922,785 6,120,468 1,667,241 - 2,883,172 19,597,406 Debt service: -													
Public safety 17,975,426 - - - - - - 1,161,551 19,136,977 Transportation 272,750 6,046,297 - - - - 6,39,047 Economic assistance and opportunity 5,740 - - - - - 6,35,740 Culture and recreation 3,097,193 - - - - - 6,88,74 3,166,067 Home and community services 19,133,391 1,376,399 1,179,347 1,103,013 - - 484,766 23,769,496 Debt service: - - - - - - 484,766 23,769,496 20 - - 484,766 23,769,496 20 - - 484,766 23,769,496 20 -			10,575,943	_	_		_	_	_		_		10.575,943
Transportation 272,750 6,046,297 - - - - - 6,319,047 Economic assistance and opportunity 5,740 - - - - - 5,740 Culture and recreation 3,097,193 - 3,775 8,922,785 6,120,468 1,667,241 - 2,883,172 19,597,441 Home and community services 19,133,391 1,376,399 1,179,347 1,103,013 - - 484,796 23,276,946 Debt service: Principal—serial bonds - - - - - 3,670,000 3,670,000 Principal—serial bonds - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>1,161,551</td><td></td><td></td></td<>				-	_		_	_	_		1,161,551		
Economic assistance and opportunity 5,740 - - - - - 5,740 Culture and recreation 3,097,193 -				6,046,297	_		_	_	_				
Culture and recreation 3,097,193 - - - - - 6,88,74 3,166,067 Home and community services 19,133,391 1,376,399 1,179,347 1,03,013 - 2,883,172 19,597,441 Debt service: 19,133,391 1,376,399 1,179,347 1,103,013 - 484,796 23,276,946 Debt service: 19,133,391 1,376,399 1,179,347 1,103,013 - 484,796 23,276,946 Principal—serial bonds - <				_	_		_	_	_		_		
Home and community services	**			_	_		_	_	_		68,874		
Employee benefits Debt service: 19,133,391 1,376,399 1,179,347 1,103,013 - - 484,796 23,276,946 Debt service: Principal—serial bonds - - - - - - - 3,670,000 3,670,000 3,670,000 3,670,000 3,670,000 3,670,000 3,670,000 3,670,000 3,670,000 1,000 -			-	3,775	8.922.785		6.120.468	1,667,241	_				
Debt service: Principal—serial bonds - - - - - - - - -			19,133,391					-	_				
Principal—capital leases 41,204 - 13,232 - - - 151,574 206,010 Interest and other fiscal charges - - - - - - - - 2,560,739 2,560,739 2,560,739 Capital outlay - - - - - - 14,404,003 - 14,404,003 Total expenditures 51,101,647 7,426,471 10,115,364 7,223,481 1,667,241 14,404,003 10,980,706 102,918,913 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,845,247) 5,642,464 2,297,668 1,690,611 (151,789) (13,473,501) (5,903,968) (11,743,762) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 5,673,949 50,000 10,000 - - - - 6,125,892 11,859,841 Transfers out (1,609,494) (5,028,508) (2,364,277) (1,767,656) - (183,269) (906,637) (11,859,841) Premium on serial bonds -			- , ,	, ,	,,-		,,.				- ,		-,,-
Interest and other fiscal charges	Principal—serial bonds		-	-	_		-	-	-		3,670,000		3,670,000
Capital outlay - - - - - 14,404,003 - 14,404,003 Total expenditures 51,101,647 7,426,471 10,115,364 7,223,481 1,667,241 14,404,003 10,980,706 102,918,913 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,845,247) 5,642,464 2,297,668 1,690,611 (151,789) (13,473,501) (5,903,968) (11,743,762) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 5,673,949 50,000 10,000 - - - 6,125,892 11,859,841 Transfers out (1,609,494) (5,028,508) (2,364,277) (1,767,656) - (183,269) (906,637) (11,859,841) Premium on serial bonds - - - - - - 500,000 - 500,000 - 500,000 - 500,000 - 500,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 <	Principal—capital leases		41,204	-	13,232		-	-	-		151,574		206,010
Total expenditures 51,101,647 7,426,471 10,115,364 7,223,481 1,667,241 14,404,003 10,980,706 102,918,913 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,845,247) 5,642,464 2,297,668 1,690,611 (151,789) (13,473,501) (5,903,968) (11,743,762) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 5,673,949 50,000 10,000 6,125,892 11,859,841 Transfers out (1,609,494) (5,028,508) (2,364,277) (1,767,656) - (183,269) (906,637) (11,859,841) Premium on serial bonds 500,000 - 500,000 Issuance of debt 6,250,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 4,064,455 (4,978,508) (2,354,277) (1,767,656) - 6,566,731 5,219,255 6,750,000 Net change in fund balances 2,219,208 663,956 (56,609) (77,045) (151,789) (6,906,770) (684,713) (4,993,762) Fund balances (deficit)—beginning 23,362,854 9,326,487 7,690,421 2,651,076 6,272,081 (376,299) 5,462,748 54,389,368	Interest and other fiscal charges		-	-	_		-	-	-		2,560,739		2,560,739
Total expenditures 51,101,647 7,426,471 10,115,364 7,223,481 1,667,241 14,404,003 10,980,706 102,918,913 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,845,247) 5,642,464 2,297,668 1,690,611 (151,789) (13,473,501) (5,903,968) (11,743,762) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 5,673,949 50,000 10,000 6,125,892 11,859,841 Transfers out (1,609,494) (5,028,508) (2,364,277) (1,767,656) - (183,269) (906,637) (11,859,841) Premium on serial bonds 500,000 - 500,000 Issuance of debt 6,250,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 4,064,455 (4,978,508) (2,354,277) (1,767,656) - 6,566,731 5,219,255 6,750,000 Net change in fund balances 2,219,208 663,956 (56,609) (77,045) (151,789) (6,906,770) (684,713) (4,993,762) Fund balances (deficit)—beginning 23,362,854 9,326,487 7,690,421 2,651,076 6,272,081 (376,299) 5,462,748 54,389,368	Capital outlay		-	_	_		_	_	14,404,003		_		14,404,003
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 5,673,949 50,000 10,000 - - - 6,125,892 11,859,841 Transfers out (1,609,494) (5,028,508) (2,364,277) (1,767,656) - (183,269) (906,637) (11,859,841) Premium on serial bonds - - - - 500,000 - 500,000 - 500,000 - 500,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,266,731 5,219,255 6,750,000 - - 6,566,731 5,219,255 6,750,000 - - 6,566,731 5,219,255 6,750,000 - - 6,566,731 5,219,255 6,750,000 - - 6,566,731 5,219,255 6,750,000			51,101,647	7,426,471	10,115,364		7,223,481	1,667,241			10,980,706		
Transfers in Transfers out 5,673,949 50,000 10,000 - - - 6,125,892 11,859,841 Transfers out (1,609,494) (5,028,508) (2,364,277) (1,767,656) - (183,269) (906,637) (11,859,841) Premium on serial bonds - - - - - 500,000 - 500,000 Issuance of debt - - - - - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 4,064,455 (4,978,508) (2,354,277) (1,767,656) - 6,566,731 5,219,255 6,750,000 Net change in fund balances 2,219,208 663,956 (56,609) (77,045) (151,789) (6,906,770) (684,713) (4,993,762) Fund balances (deficit)—beginning 23,362,854 9,326,487 7,690,421 2,651,076 6,272,081 (376,299) 5,462,748 54,389,368	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(1,845,247)	5,642,464	 2,297,668		1,690,611	(151,789)	 (13,473,501)		(5,903,968)		(11,743,762)
Transfers in Transfers out 5,673,949 50,000 10,000 - - - 6,125,892 11,859,841 Transfers out (1,609,494) (5,028,508) (2,364,277) (1,767,656) - (183,269) (906,637) (11,859,841) Premium on serial bonds - - - - - 500,000 - 500,000 Issuance of debt - - - - - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 4,064,455 (4,978,508) (2,354,277) (1,767,656) - 6,566,731 5,219,255 6,750,000 Net change in fund balances 2,219,208 663,956 (56,609) (77,045) (151,789) (6,906,770) (684,713) (4,993,762) Fund balances (deficit)—beginning 23,362,854 9,326,487 7,690,421 2,651,076 6,272,081 (376,299) 5,462,748 54,389,368	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers out (1,609,494) (5,028,508) (2,364,277) (1,767,656) - (183,269) (906,637) (11,859,841) Premium on serial bonds - - - - - 500,000 - 500,000 Issuance of debt - - - - - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 4,064,455 (4,978,508) (2,354,277) (1,767,656) - 6,566,731 5,219,255 6,750,000 Net change in fund balances 2,219,208 663,956 (56,609) (77,045) (151,789) (6,906,770) (684,713) (4,993,762) Fund balances (deficit)—beginning 23,362,854 9,326,487 7,690,421 2,651,076 6,272,081 (376,299) 5,462,748 54,389,368	Transfers in		5.673.949	50.000	10.000		_	_	_		6.125.892		11.859.841
Premium on serial bonds - - - - - - - 500,000 - 500,000 - 500,000 - 500,000 - 500,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 - 6,566,731 5,219,255 6,750,000 Net change in fund balances 2,219,208 663,956 (56,609) (77,045) (151,789) (6,906,770) (684,713) (4,993,762) Fund balances (deficit)—beginning 23,362,854 9,326,487 7,690,421 2,651,076 6,272,081 (376,299) 5,462,748 54,389,368							(1.767.656)	_	(183,269)				
Issuance of debt - - - - - - - 6,250,000 - 6,250,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 4,064,455 (4,978,508) (2,354,277) (1,767,656) - 6,566,731 5,219,255 6,750,000 Net change in fund balances 2,219,208 663,956 (56,609) (77,045) (151,789) (6,906,770) (684,713) (4,993,762) Fund balances (deficit)—beginning 23,362,854 9,326,487 7,690,421 2,651,076 6,272,081 (376,299) 5,462,748 54,389,368			-	-	-		-	_			-		
Total other financing sources (uses) 4,064,455 (4,978,508) (2,354,277) (1,767,656) - 6,566,731 5,219,255 6,750,000 Net change in fund balances 2,219,208 663,956 (56,609) (77,045) (151,789) (6,906,770) (684,713) (4,993,762) Fund balances (deficit)—beginning 23,362,854 9,326,487 7,690,421 2,651,076 6,272,081 (376,299) 5,462,748 54,389,368			-	-	_		_	_			_		
Fund balances (deficit)—beginning 23,362,854 9,326,487 7,690,421 2,651,076 6,272,081 (376,299) 5,462,748 54,389,368		_	4,064,455	(4,978,508)	(2,354,277)		(1,767,656)				5,219,255		
Fund balances (deficit)—beginning 23,362,854 9,326,487 7,690,421 2,651,076 6,272,081 (376,299) 5,462,748 54,389,368	- , , ,		2,219,208	663,956	(56,609)		(77,045)	 (151,789)	(6,906,770)		(684,713)		(4,993,762)
Fund balances (deficit)—ending \$ 25,582,062 \$ 9,990,443 \$ 7,633,812 \$ 2,574,031 \$ 6,120,292 \$ (7,283,069) \$ 4,778,035 \$ 49,395,606	5				,			 	,				,
	Fund balances (deficit)—ending	\$	25,582,062	\$ 9,990,443	\$ 7,633,812	\$	2,574,031	\$ 6,120,292	\$ (7,283,069)	\$	4,778,035	\$	49,395,606

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit)— Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2020

let change in fund balances (deficit)—total governmental funds (page 24	1)	use: \$	(4,993,762)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives are This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expenditures.	er, in the statement of activit nd reported as depreciation e	ies, the	(1,775,702
Capital asset additions Depreciation expense		06,420 50,662)	10,055,758
Loss on disposition of capital assets is recorded in the statement of a governmental funds.	activities but not in the staten	nent for	(188,988
Net differences between pension contributions recognized on the government-wide financial statements are as follows:	e fund financial statements	and the	
Town pension contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions		70,200 92,231	(7,062,431
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB result changes in medical premiums that are different than expected health assumptions and other inputs. These amounts are shown net of current contents are shown net of current contents.	ncare cost trend rates, and cha		2,288,536
Governmental funds report retained percentages expenditures on retained percentage is paid. However, in the statement of activities, contracts are reported as expenses as they accrue.			(371,829
In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as it accr	rues, regardless of when it is p	aid.	(30,935
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resource repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Additionally,	financial resources of govern Also, governmental funds re t issued, whereas these amou in the statement of activities, he year. In the governmental mount of financial resource	nmental port the ants are certain funds, es used	
operating expenses are measured by the amounts earned during the however, expenditures for these items are measured by the an (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The net effect of these differences that the state of the second of the	erences in the treatment of lo		
however, expenditures for these items are measured by the ar	\$ (6,25)	50,000)	
however, expenditures for these items are measured by the an (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The net effect of these difference debt and the related items is as follows: Issuance of serial bonds Repayment of serial bonds	\$ (6,25) 3,6	70,000	
however, expenditures for these items are measured by the an (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The net effect of these difference debt and the related items is as follows: Issuance of serial bonds Repayment of serial bonds Premium on serial bonds issued	\$ (6,25) 3,6 (5)	70,000 00,000)	
however, expenditures for these items are measured by the an (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The net effect of these difference debt and the related items is as follows: Issuance of serial bonds Repayment of serial bonds Premium on serial bonds issued Amortization of premiums on serial bonds	\$ (6,25) 3,6 (5) 3,0	70,000 00,000) 27,977	
however, expenditures for these items are measured by the an (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The net effect of these difference debt and the related items is as follows: Issuance of serial bonds Repayment of serial bonds Premium on serial bonds issued Amortization of premiums on serial bonds Payment of capital leases	\$ (6,25) 3,6 (5) 3.	70,000 00,000) 27,977 06,010	
however, expenditures for these items are measured by the ar (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The net effect of these difference debt and the related items is as follows: Issuance of serial bonds Repayment of serial bonds Premium on serial bonds issued Amortization of premiums on serial bonds Payment of capital leases Change in landfill obligation	\$ (6,25) 3,6 (5) 3.	70,000 00,000) 27,977 06,010 85,000	
however, expenditures for these items are measured by the an (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The net effect of these difference debt and the related items is as follows: Issuance of serial bonds Repayment of serial bonds Premium on serial bonds issued Amortization of premiums on serial bonds Payment of capital leases	\$ (6,25) 3,6 (5) 3 2	70,000 00,000) 27,977 06,010	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (21,448,553)

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Statement of Net Position—Proprietary Fund December 31, 2020

	iness-Type activities
	eektowaga E.D.C.
ASSETS	_
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 601,225
Receivables	903
Intergovernmental receivables	 100,000
Total current assets	702,128
Noncurrent assets:	_
Loans receivable	 547,419
Total assets	 1,249,547
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	26,871
Due to other funds	 30,232
Total liabilities	 57,103
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	 1,192,444
Total net position	\$ 1,192,444

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position—Proprietary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	iness-Type ctivities
	eektowaga E.D.C.
Operating expenses:	
Program services	\$ 37,015
Management and general	14,089
Total operating expenses	51,104
Operating loss	 (51,104)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Loan interest	5,357
Miscellaneous	2,417
Program income recapture	 (30,232)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (22,458)
Change in net position	(73,562)
Net position—beginning	 1,266,006
Net position—ending	\$ 1,192,444

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Statement of Cash Flows—Proprietary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

		siness-type Activities
	Cho	eektowaga E.D.C.
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Receipts from services provided	\$	4,719
Payments to employees and suppliers		(24,778)
Program income recapture	<u></u>	(30,232)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(50,291)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest and investment income		7,774
Net cash provided by investing activities		7,774
(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(42,517)
Cash and cash equivalents—beginning of year		643,742
Cash and cash equivalents—end of year	\$	601,225
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(51,104)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
(Increase) in receivables		(100,000)
Decrease in loans receivable		104,719
(Decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts		(46,841)
Increase in accounts payable		12,703
Increase in due to other funds		30,232
Total adjustments		813
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(50,291)



TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Statement of Fiduciary Net Position—Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2020

	Custodial Fund			
ASSETS				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	264,629		
Receivables		73,056		
Intergovernmental receivables		1,175		
Total assets		338,860		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other liabilities		1,550		
Intergovernmental payables		517		
Total liabilities		2,067		
NET POSITION				
Restricted for organizations and other governments	\$	336,793		

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position—Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS Funds received on behalf of others	\$ 37,068
Total additions	37,068
DEDUCTIONS	
Funds distributed to others	11,300
Total deductions	11,300
Change in fiduciary net position	25,768
Net position—beginning	311,025
Net position—ending	\$ 336,793



TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Town of Cheektowaga, New York (the "Town") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable. The Town reports the Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation as a blended component unit within business-type activities.

Reporting Entity

The Town is a unit of local government created by the State of New York. The Town operates under provisions of New York State law and various local laws. The six-member Town Board is the legislative body responsible for overall operations. The Supervisor serves as both Chief Executive Officer and Chief Fiscal Officer.

Independently elected officials of the Town consist of the following:

Supervisor Town Clerk and Receiver of Taxes Councilmembers (6) Superintendent of Highways Town Justices (2)

Units of local government which operate within the boundaries of the Town are the County of Erie and the Villages of Depew, Sloan, and Williamsville. Public education is provided by eight independent school districts within the Town.

The accompanying financial statements present the Town and its component unit, an entity for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable.

Blended Component Unit—The following blended component unit is a legally separate entity from the Town, but is, in substance, part of the Town's operations and therefore data from the unit is combined with data of the primary government.

Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation—The Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation (the "E.D.C.") was formed June 10, 1983 pursuant to resolution of the Town Board, as a quasi-public local development corporation under the New York State Not-for Profit Corporation Law. The Town serves as sole member of the E.D.C., and the members of the governing board of the E.D.C. are appointed by the Town Board. The Town Board is able to

impose its will on the E.D.C. Additional detailed information concerning the E.D.C. may be found in the E.D.C.'s annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing to the Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation, 275 Alexander Street, Cheektowaga, New York, 14211.

Basis of Presentation—Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the Town's enterprise fund. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments and charges between the Town's various functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Basis of Presentation—Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund—The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Town and includes all operations not required to be recorded in other funds. The principal source of revenue for the General Fund is real property taxes.
- *Highway Fund*—The Highway Fund is used to record all revenues and expenditures related to road maintenance and construction throughout the Town. The principal source of revenue for the Highway Fund is sales tax.
- Sewer Fund—The Sewer Fund is used to record all revenues and expenditures related to operation and maintenance of the sewer district. The principal source of revenue for the Sewer Fund is real property taxes.
- Consolidated Garbage Fund—The Consolidated Garbage Fund is used to record all activity related to the garbage pickup and recycling within the Town. The principal source of revenue for the Consolidated Garbage Fund is real property taxes.
- Community Development Fund—The Community Development Fund is used to record all activity related to the Federal Housing and Urban Development Community Development program. The principal source of revenue for the Community Development Fund is Community Development Block Grant federal aid.
- Capital Projects Fund—The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The principal sources of revenue and financing for the Capital Projects Fund are state grants, bond proceeds and transfers in from the Town's operating funds.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation ("E.D.C")—This fund accounts for the operations of the Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation ("E.D.C."), a blended component unit of the Town. This fund presents the operations of the Community Development loan program administered by the E.D.C.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds—These funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Trust funds account for resources received and disbursements made in accordance with trust agreements or applicable legislative enactments for each particular fund. Fiduciary funds include the *Custodial Fund*.

During the course of operations the Town has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In the fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, transfers between the funds included in the business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pensions, other postemployment benefits, and claims and judgments, are

recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met and the amount is received during the period of availability. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements are met and the amount is received during the period of availability. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The proprietary fund and fiduciary funds are reported using the *economic resource measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments—The Town's cash, cash equivalents and investments consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, time deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Town had no investments at December 31, 2020; however, when the Town does have investments they are recorded at fair value based on quoted market value.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents—Restricted cash and cash equivalents represent amounts to support fund balance restrictions, unearned revenue, unspent proceeds of debt and amounts held on behalf of others.

Intergovernmental Receivables—Receivables include amounts due from state and federal governments and represent amounts owed to the Town to reimburse it for expenditures incurred pursuant to state and federally funded programs. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Prepaid Items—Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenses/expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets—Capital assets, which include land, buildings, permanent fixtures, machinery and equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost equal to or greater than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of its donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives as presented on the following page.

_	Years
Buildings	50
Permanent fixtures	15-20
Machinery and equipment:	
Automobiles	3-6
Computer software and equipment	5
Equipment	7-20
Heavy equipment	12
Office equipment and furniture	20
Infrastructure:	
Bridges	30
Drainage	100
Highways	15
Storm sewer	40
Sewer and water systems	40
Traffic signals	15

The *capital outlays* character classification is employed only for expenditures reported in the Capital Projects Fund. Routine capital expenditures in the General Fund and other governmental funds are included in the appropriate functional category (for example, the purchase of a new highway vehicle included as part of *expenditures—transportation*). At times, amounts reported as *capital outlays* in the Capital Projects Fund will also include non-capitalized, project-related costs (for example, furnishings).

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources—In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At December 31, 2020, the Town has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item represents the effect of the net change in the Town's proportion of the collective net pension liability, the difference during the measurement period between the Town's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contribution to the pension systems not included in the pension expense, and any contributions to the pension systems made subsequent to the measurement date. The second item represents the effects of the change in the Town's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability and difference during the measurement period between certain of the employer's contributions and its proportionate share of the total of certain contributions from employers included in the collective net OPEB liability.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At December 31, 2020, the Town has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first two items represents future inflows from a golf course lease and special assessments loans receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. These amounts have not met the time requirement recognition criterion and, as such, are deferred in the financial statements until these time constraints have been met. The third item represents the effect of the net change in the Town's proportion of the collective net pension liability and the difference during the measurement periods between the Town's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense and is reported on the

government-wide financial statements. The final item represents the effects of the change in the Town's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability and difference during the measurement period between certain of the employer's contributions and its proportionate share of the total of certain contributions from employers included in the collective net OPEB liability.

Net Position Flow Assumption—Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions—Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies—Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Town itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. The Town Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Town has implemented a fund balance policy and the Town Board has authorized the Supervisor to assign fund balance. The Town Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenues and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Revenues and Expenses/Expenditures

Program Revenues—Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses—Proprietary funds distringuish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the EDC includes loan interest revenue and recovery of bad debt. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include program services and management and general expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Property Taxes—The Erie County Legislature prepares the levy in late December of each year and jointly bills the Town levy and Erie County real property taxes. Property taxes are levied and become a lien as of January 1st based on assessed property values as of that date.

Tax payments are due January 1st to February 15th without penalty; February 16th to 28th a 1.5% penalty; March 1st to 15th a 3.0% penalty; March 16th to 31st a 4.5% penalty; April 1st to 7th a 6.0% penalty; April 8th to May 1st a 7.5% penalty; and 1.5% added each month thereafter.

The tax roll is returned to the Erie County Commissioner of Finance after June 30th, at which time all unpaid taxes and penalties are payable to that office. The Town retains their full tax levies for all unpaid items that are returned to the County. Thus, the Town is assured of receiving 100% of its tax levy. The County enforces all liens.

The Town also bills and collects taxes for various school districts within Town limits. Collections of the school district taxes and remittances of them are accounted for by the Town Clerk and Receiver of Taxes, independent of Town operations.

Unearned Revenue—Certain revenues have not met the revenue recognition criteria for government-wide or fund financial statement purposes. At December 31, 2020, the Town reported unearned revenues within the General Fund and the Community Development Fund in the amounts of \$372,732 and \$148,364, respectively. The Town received grant money in advance but has not performed the related services, and therefore recognizes a liability.

Compensated Absences—Most Town employees are granted vacation and sick leave and earn compensatory absences in varying amounts. Vacations and compensatory absences must be used by the end of the fiscal year in which they are earned. Employees may accumulate sick leave, but they are not entitled to receive payment for unused sick leave in the event of termination or upon retirement.

Payment of compensated absences recorded in the government-wide financial statements is dependent on many factors; therefore, the timing of future payments in not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be available for the payment of compensated absences when such payments become due.

Pension Plans—The Town is mandated by New York State law to participate in the New York State Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS"). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans, and changes thereof, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the respective defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. More information regarding pensions is included in Note 6.

Other Postemployment Benefits—In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town provides health insurance coverage and/or payments for fractional values of unused sick leave for certain retired employees at the time of retirement as discussed in Note 7.

Other

Estimates—The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements—During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town early implemented GASB Statements No. 92, Omnibus 2020; and No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a suppression of GASB Statement No. 32. GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. GASB Statement No. 97 increases consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units, mitigates costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution plans and enhances the relevance, consistency and comparability of the accounting and reporting for internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plans. The implementation of GASB Statements No. 92 and 97 did not have a material impact on the Town's financial position or results from operations.

Future Impacts of Accounting Pronouncements—The Town has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adopting GASB Statements No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period; and No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, effective for the year ending December 31, 2021, No. 87, Leases; and No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations effective for the year ending December 31, 2022, and No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements; and No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, effective for the year ending December 31, 2023. The Town is, therefore, unable to disclose the impact that adopting GASB Statements No. 87, 89, 91, 93, 94, and 96 will have on its financial position and results of operations when such statements are adopted.

Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Legal Compliance—Budgets—The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to September 30th, the Town Supervisor files a "tentative" budget with the Town Clerk for the following fiscal year to commence on January 1st. This budget, which includes appropriations and estimated revenues, is then presented to the full Town Board by October 5th.
- The full Town Board reviews the tentative budget and may adjust some before approving a "preliminary" budget and calling for a public hearing, which is generally held in October.
- Following the public hearing, revisions may again be made by the Town Board before filing an adopted budget with Erie County by November 20th.

• During the fiscal year, the Town Board can legally amend the operating budgets and is empowered to implement supplemental appropriations. Budget amendments are required for the departmental budgetary control. All budget amendments and budget transfers require Town Board approval.

Deficit Fund Balance—At December 31, 2020, the Town's Capital Projects Fund reported an ending fund balance deficit of \$7,283,069. This is the result of certain project expenditures being incurred prior to issuance of debt or claiming reimbursement of state and federal aid. The deficit will be eliminated as resources are obtained through long-term debt issuances and reimbursement of state aid.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The Town's investment policies are governed by New York State statutes. In addition, the Town has its own written investment policy. Town monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within New York State. The Supervisor is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Town has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligation that may be pledged as collateral. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are outlined in Chapter 623 of the laws of the State of New York.

Cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	G	overnmental	ntal Business-type		F	iduciary			
	Activities			Activities	es Fund			Total	
Petty cash (uncollateralized)	\$	6,870	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,870	
Deposits		45,487,872		601,225		264,629		46,353,726	
Total	\$	45,494,742	\$	601,225	\$	264,629	\$	46,360,596	

Deposits—All deposits are carried at fair value and are classified by custodial credit risk at December 31, 2020 as follows:

Bank		Carrying	
 Balance	Amount		
\$ 2,048,412	\$	2,048,412	
48,571,244		44,305,314	
\$ 50,619,656	\$	46,353,726	
\$	Balance \$ 2,048,412 48,571,244	Balance \$ 2,048,412 \$ \$ 48,571,244	

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. As noted above, by New York State statute all deposits in excess of FDIC insurance coverage must be collateralized. At December 31, 2020, the Town's deposits were either FDIC insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging bank's agent in the Town's name.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents—The Town reports restricted cash, totaling \$11,719,478, within the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Custodial Fund. These funds are set aside for future payments toward insurance and unearned revenue, approved capital project spending and debt service payments, and amounts held on behalf of others in the amounts of \$9,124,804, \$269,544, \$2,060,501, and \$264,629, respectively.

Investments—At December 31, 2020, the Town had no investments.

Custodial Credit Risk—Investments—For investments, this is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. A margin of 2% or higher of the market value of purchased securities in repurchase transactions must be maintained and the securities must be held by a third party in the Town's name.

Credit Risk—In compliance with the State law, Town investments are limited to obligations of the Federal government, obligations guaranteed by the Federal government where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the Federal government, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and certain joint or cooperative investment programs.

Concentration of Credit Risk—To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, Town deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The general rule is not to place more than 50% of the Town's total investment portfolio in overnight investments with any one institution.

Interest Rate Risk—The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Investments are generally limited to 180 days or less.

Blended Component Unit

Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation—The Corporation considers all highly-liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At March 31, 2020, the Corporation reported \$601,225 in deposits.

3. RECEIVABLES

Major revenues accrued by the Town at December 31, 2020 include:

Receivables—Represents amounts due for franchise fees, insurance deposits, and from other Town departments, who are acting as intermediary collecting agents, collecting various fines, fees and other charges which are remitted to the Town in accordance with State statute. Receivables at December 31, 2020 for governmental funds are presented on the following page.

Governmental Funds:		
General Fund:		
Franchise fees	\$ 587,465	
Insurance deposits	204,313	
Other	 62,054	\$ 853,832
Highway Fund:		
Miscellaneous		7,143
Sewer Fund:		
Miscellaneous sewer charges		1,743
Consolidated Garbage Fund:		
Recycling containers		25,215
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		 1,145
Total governmental funds		\$ 889,078

Loans Receivable—Loans receivable within the General Fund represent special assessments due from certain residents for curbing work. The Town has funded the amounts necessary to perform the work and recorded a receivable from Town residents and corresponding deferred inflow of resources. The balance at December 31, 2020 is \$51,897, and is expected to be repaid over the next two years through special assessments on the residents' tax levy.

Loans receivable within the Community Development Fund consist of loans which were made by the Community Development Office of the Town through implementation of the Community Development Block Grant program. The funds received from repayments of such loans will be used towards future Community Development Block Grant expenditures and the related programs implemented through such grant. The balance outstanding at December 31, 2020 is \$6,120,212.

Intergovernmental Receivables—Represents amounts due from other units of government, such as Federal, New York State, County of Erie, or other local governments. Intergovernmental receivables at December 31, 2020 are presented below.

Governmental Funds:		
General Fund:		
Due from Federal	\$ 168,553	
Due from New York State	16,090	
Due from Erie County	129,932	
Due from local municipalities	 580,826	\$ 895,401
Highway Fund:		
Due from Erie County	\$ 4,396,441	
Due from Federal	26,000	
Due from local municipalities	 210	4,422,651
Sewer Fund:		
Due from N.F.T.A.	\$ 461,166	
Due from Federal	 12,000	473,166
Consolidated Garbage Fund:		
Due from Federal	\$ 34,000	
Due from local municipalities	 210	34,210
Community Development Fund:		
Due from Federal		348,262
Capital Projects Fund:		
Due from New York State		734,891
Town Outside of Village Fund:		
Due from local municipalities		1,120,822
Total governmental funds		\$ 8,029,403

Blended Component Unit

Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation—Loans receivable of the Cheektowaga E.D.C. totaled \$547,419, all of which is secured by collateral security mortgages or security interest in specific equipment and assets. Such collateralized notes are term notes payable between 5 and 10 years with interest in the range of 0.5% to 5.0%.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/2020	Balance 12/31/2020		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 6,781,714	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,781,714
Construction in progress	1,199,007	601,690	1,009,697	791,000
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	7,980,721	601,690	1,009,697	7,572,714
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	41,490,697	-	-	41,490,697
Permanent fixtures	18,913,318	377,090	-	19,290,408
Machinery and equipment	37,865,312	3,547,244	685,584	40,726,972
Infrastructure	132,377,095	13,790,093		146,167,188
Total capital assets, being depreciated	230,646,422	17,714,427	685,584	247,675,265
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	14,037,060	876,463	-	14,913,523
Permanent fixtures	9,868,996	676,400	-	10,545,396
Machinery and equipment	25,441,309	1,943,036	496,596	26,887,749
Infrastructure	50,700,950	3,754,763		54,455,713
Total accumulated depreciation	100,048,315	7,250,662	496,596	106,802,381
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	130,598,107	10,463,765	188,988	140,872,884
Total capital assets, net	\$ 138,578,828	\$ 11,065,455	\$ 1,198,685	\$ 148,445,598

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions and programs of governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government support	\$ 1,260,049
Public safety	341,470
Transportation	2,519,855
Culture and recreation	910,025
Home and community services	2,219,263
Total	\$ 7,250,662

5. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities reported by governmental funds at December 31, 2020 were as follows:

			Consolidated					
	General	Highway	Sewer	Garbage	Nonmajor	Governmental		
	Fund	Fund Fund		Fund	Funds	Funds		
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 1,181,705	\$ 273,120	\$ 154,509	\$ 148,840	\$ 61,146	\$ 1,819,320		
Judgments and claims - current	6,954,336					6,954,336		
Total	\$ 8,136,041	\$ 273,120	\$ 154,509	\$ 148,840	\$ 61,146	\$ 8,773,656		

See Note 8 for additional information regarding the Town's judgments and claims liability.

6. PENSION PLANS

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") and Employees' Retirement System ("ERS")—The Town participates in the PFRS and ERS (the "Systems"), costsharing multiple-employer retirement systems. The Systems provide retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the Systems is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the "Fund"), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the Systems. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the Systems. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only be enactment of a State statute. The Town also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan ("GLIP"), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The Systems are included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regards to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us /retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The Systems are noncontributory, except for employees who joined the ERS after July 27, 1976 who contribute three percent (3%) of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 10, 2010 (ERS) or January 9, 2010 (PFRS), who generally contribute three percent (3%) to three and one half percent (3.5%) of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS Tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. The Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions—At December 31, 2020, the Town reported the following liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for each of the systems as presented on the following page. The net pension liabilities were measured as of March 31, 2020. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations as of April 1, 2019, with update procedures used to roll forward the total net pension liabilities to the measurement date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on projections of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the Systems in reports provided to the Town.

	PFRS	ERS
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Net pension liability	\$ 19,925,122	\$ 18,725,320
Town's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension liability	0.3727849%	0.0707134%

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town recognized pension expenses of \$7,052,770 and \$6,379,858, respectively, for PFRS and ERS. At December 31, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					lows es		
		PFRS	ERS		PFRS			ERS
Differences between expected and								
actual experiences	\$	1,326,803	\$	1,102,061	\$	333,744	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		1,703,116		377,039		-		325,567
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on pension plan investments		8,972,909		9,599,509		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences								
between the Town's contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		318,631		380,877		346,445		257,333
Town contributions subsequent								
to the measurement date		2,658,905		2,120,282		-		-
Total	\$	14,980,364	\$	13,579,768	\$	680,189	\$	582,900

The Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 PFRS	ERS
2021	\$ 2,373,513	\$ 1,837,408
2022	2,740,590	2,741,779
2023	3,448,831	3,454,573
2024	2,902,228	2,842,826
2025	176 108	_

Actuarial Assumptions—The total pension liabilities as of the measurement date were determined by using actuarial valuations as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	PFRS	ERS
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2019	April 1, 2019
Interest rate	6.80%	6.80%
Salary scale	5.00%	4.20%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2010-	April 1, 2010-
	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Inflation rate	2.50%	2.50%
Cost-of-living adjustments	1.30%	1.30%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 Systems' experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014. The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2019 valuations are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	PFRS a	and ERS	
	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Measurement date	March 31, 2020		
Asset class:			
Domestic equities	36.0 %	4.1 %	
International equities	14.0	6.2	
Private equity	10.0	6.8	
Real estate	10.0	4.9	
Absolute return strategies	2.0	3.3	
Opportunistic portfolio	3.0	4.7	
Real assets	3.0	9.0	
Bonds and mortgages	17.0	0.8	
Cash	1.0	0.0	
Inflation-indexed bonds	4.0	0.5	
Total	100.0 %		

Discount Rate—The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liabilities was 6.8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption—The chart below presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (5.8%) or one percentage-point higher (7.8%) than the current assumption.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(5.8%)	(6.8%)	(7.8%)
Employer's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability—PFRS	\$ 35,626,523	\$ 19,925,122	\$ 5,864,161
Employer's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability—ERS	\$ 34,366,249	\$ 18,725,320	\$ 4,319,958

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position—The components of the current-year net pension liabilities of the employers as of the valuation dates, were as follows:

		(Dollars in Thousands)				
		PFRS		ERS		Total
Valuation date	A	pril 1, 2019	I	April 1, 2019		
Employers' total pension liability	\$	35,309,017	\$	194,596,261	\$	229,905,278
Plan fiduciary net position		29,964,080		168,115,682		198,079,762
Employers' net pension liability	\$	5,344,937	\$	26,480,579	\$	31,825,516
Systems' fiduciary net position as a						
percentage of total pension liability		84.9%		86.4%		86.2%

7. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB") OBLIGATION

Plan Description—In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town provides health insurance coverage and/or payment for fractional values of unused sick leave to eligible retired employees through a single-employer plan. Substantially all of the Town's full-time employees may become eligible for these benefits upon retirement. The value of the employee's unused compensatory time is used as the basis for the Town's liability. The Town is obligated to pay such benefits as a result of union contracts and Town Board rules and regulation for nonunion employees. Health care benefits are provided through insurance companies whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. As of the valuation date, there were 359 retirees receiving health care benefits.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms—At December 31, 2020, the date of the actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	402
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	588
Total	990

Under GASB Statement No. 75, the total OPEB liability represents the sum of expected future benefit payments which may be attributed to past service (or "earned"), discounted to the end of the fiscal year using the current discount rate. The total OPEB liability is analogous to the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") under GASB Statement No. 45.

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$260,518,890 was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the same date.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan, the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members, at the time of the valuation and on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members. The projection of benefits does not incorporate the potential effect of a change in the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. Calculations reflect a long-term perspective, so methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility.

In the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation, the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method, over a level percent of pay was used. The single discount rate changed from 2.74% effective December 31, 2019 to 2.12% effective December 31, 2020. The salary scale assumed to increase at 3.00% per year. The PriH-2012 Total Dataset Mortality Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements with scale MP-2020 on a fully generational basis, were used for mortality rates. The 2015 New York State Employee' Retirement System rate were used for retirement rates. This rate was based on the April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2015 experience study released by the Retirement Systems Actuary and published in their August 2015 report. In order to estimate the change in the cost of healthcare, the actuaries initial healthcare cost trend rate used is 7.00% while the ultimate healthcare cost trend rate is 4.50%. An inflation rate of 3.00% was assumed for developing the rate of increase in healthcare costs.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability—The following table presents the changes to the total OPEB liability during the fiscal year, by source:

	Total OPEB
	Liability
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 241,427,438
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	5,001,715
Interest	6,615,112
Difference between expected and actual experience	(8,035,798)
Changes of assumptions	21,937,529
Benefit payments	(6,427,106)
Net changes	19,091,452
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 260,518,890

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to the Change in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate—The discount rate assumption can have an impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the effect a 1% change in the discount rate assumption would have on the net OPEB liability:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(1.12%)	(2.12%)	(3.12%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 298,535,620	\$ 260,518,890	\$ 225,774,752

Additionally, healthcare costs can be subject to considerable volatility over time. The following table presents the effect on the OPEB liability of a 1% change in the initial (7.00%) and ultimate (4.50%) healthcare cost trend rates.

		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rates	Increase
	(6.00%/3.50%)	(7.00%/4.50%)	(8.00%/5.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 220,954,771	\$ 260,518,890	\$ 310,568,336

Funding Policy—Authorization for the Town to pay retiree health insurance premiums was enacted by through union contracts, which are approved by the Town Board. Retirees that meet the age and years of service requirements are not required to contribute to postretirement healthcare benefits. Additionally, retirees in Management Union groups are not required to contribute to postretirement dental and vision benefits. Spouses receive the same benefits as the retiree. Surviving spouses are permitted to continue coverage at no cost and at the cost of 100% the premium for Management Union groups and non-Management Union groups, respectively.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB—The Town reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources due to differences during the measurement period between the employer's contributions and its proportionate share of the total of certain contributions from employers included in the collective net OPEB liability. The table below presents the Town's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2020.

		Deferred		Deferred
	(Outflows of	J	nflows of
		Resources]	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	15,241,919	\$	7,031,323
Changes of assumptions		48,759,254		-
Total	\$	64,001,173	\$	7,031,323

The amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	_
2021	\$ 11,613,195
2022	11,613,195
2023	11,613,195
2024	11,613,195
2025	7,041,639
Thereafter	3,475,431

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town assumes liability for some risk including, but not limited to, torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town is self-insured for workers' compensation and health insurance. The Town purchases insurance coverage for workers' compensation claims in excess of \$600,000. The Town also retains risk related to general liability. All other risks of loss are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The Town purchases insurance for: automobile and general liability. Automobile insurance is limited to \$1 million per accident. The general liability insurance is limited to \$1 million per occurrence, and an aggregate \$10 million limit. There have been no significant reductions in the levels of commercial insurance from the prior year, nor have there been any settlements which exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. The Town currently reports all of its risk management activities in the General Fund. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonable estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Judgments and Claims—The Town is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town decided to stop carrying commercial workers' compensation insurance because of its prohibitive cost and began covering all related claim settlements and judgments out of its resources. Current liabilities are accrued within the General Fund. Total claims, judgments and workers' compensation insurance expenditures of \$14,882,223 were recorded in the General Fund for the year ended December 31, 2020.

At December 31, 2020, the current liability portion of judgments and claims, including workers' compensation claims, was \$6,954,336. These are considered to be due and payable at December 31, 2020 and are recorded as a portion of accrued liabilities in the General Fund since they are expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. Changes in the reported liability since January 1, 2018 resulted from the following:

Year	Liability,	Claims and	Claim Payments	Liability,
Ended	Beginning of	Changes in	and Changes	End of
December 31,	Year	Estimates	in Estimates	Year
2020	\$ 6,797,803	\$ 14,882,223	\$ 14,725,690	\$ 6,954,336
2019	6,335,002	13,818,586	13,355,785	6,797,803
2018	7,415,343	12,699,151	13,779,492	6,335,002

At December 31, 2020, a portion of the General Fund fund balance was restricted for the purpose of funding the Town's future liability and casualty claim liabilities, and is included within the Town's restricted fund balance for insurance totaling \$8,752,072.

9. LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Operating Leases—The Town leases various equipment, space, and vehicles. Total expenditures on operating leases for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 were approximately \$12,324.

Capital Leases—The Town entered into a long-term capital lease including an amendment, for certain energy related equipment and machinery. The present value of the amended lease at December 31, 2020 is \$140,037. The Town also entered into two capital leases for various vehicles within Town departments. The present value of the amended lease at December 31, 2020 is \$179,059. A \$319,096 long-term liability has been recorded within the Town's governmental activities. The assets acquired through the capital lease are summarized below:

	Governmental
	Activities
Assets:	
Machinery and equipment	\$ 5,724,738
Vehicles	272,177
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(3,685,776)
Total	\$ 2,311,139

Payments on the original lease commenced January 15, 2005 and are due every six months thereafter (payment dates are January 15 and July 15). Total payments range between \$48,820 and \$165,400 with final payment due January 15, 2022. The implicit interest rate ranges from 2.35% to 5.5%.

Payments on the vehicle leases commenced January 1, 2019 and are due monthly. Total payments range between \$1,145 to \$3,788, with final payment due November 1, 2023. The implicit interest rate ranges from 10.5% to 12.8%.

The obligations under the leases can be summarized as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	vernmental activities
2021	\$ 159,330
2022	110,510
2023	 79,064
Total minimum lease payments	348,904
Less: Amount representing imputed interest costs	 (29,808)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 319,096

10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as noncurrent liabilities in the statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Further, the unmatured principal of general long-term debt does not require current appropriations and expenditure of governmental fund financial resources.

The Town's outstanding long-term liabilities include bonds payable, capital leases, landfill obligation, compensated absences, other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") obligation, and net pension liability. The serial bonds of the Town are secured by its general credit and revenue raising powers, as per New York State statute.

A summary of changes in the Town's long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2020 follows:

		Balance						Balance	D	ue Within	
		1/1/2020		Additions		Reductions		12/31/2020	(One Year	
Serial bonds	\$	52,410,000	\$	6,250,000	\$	3,670,000	\$	54,990,000	\$	3,675,000	
Premium on serial bonds		6,904,340		500,000		327,977	_	7,076,363	_	351,935	
Bonds payable		59,314,340		6,750,000		3,997,977		62,066,363		4,026,935	
Capital leases		525,106		-		206,010		319,096		146,737	
Landfill obligation		1,020,000		-		85,000		935,000		85,000	
Compensated absences		13,360,603		1,289,050		811,270		13,838,383		691,919	
OPEB obligation		241,427,438		33,554,356		14,462,904		260,518,890		-	
Judgments and claims		900,000		-		900,000		-		-	
Net pension liability*		11,120,545		27,529,897				38,650,442		-	
Total	\$	327,668,032	\$	69,123,303	\$	20,463,161	\$	376,328,174	\$	4,950,591	
(*Additions to the net pension liability are shown net of reductions.)											

Serial Bonds—The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and renovation of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year with maturities that range from 5 to 30 years.

On December 17, 2020 the Town issued \$6,250,000 in various purpose serial bonds for the purpose of funding ongoing capital projects of the Town. The serial bonds were issued at a premium of \$500,000, and carry an interest rate ranging from 1.00% to 5.00%. Principal payments on the bonds begin December 15, 2021 and mature on December 15, 2040.

Upon default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, at the suit of the owner, a Court has the power, in proper and appropriate proceedings, to render judgment against the Town. The present statute limits interest on the amount adjudged due to contract creditors to nine per centum per annum from the date due to the date of payment.

Principal is paid annually, interest is paid semi-annually and are recorded in the Debt Service Fund. A summary of the Town's general obligation bonds is presented on the following page.

		Year of					
	Original	Issue/	Interest	Balance			Balance
Description	Issue	Maturity	Rate (%)	1/1/2020	Additions	Reductions	12/31/2020
General Fund:							
Recreational Park improvements	\$ 500,000	2005-2020	3.75-3.80	\$ 39,700	\$ -	\$ 39,700	\$ -
Town maintenance building	1,133,564	2015-2025	1.75-5.00	720,800	-	114,000	606,800
Police and court building	12,168,326	2015-2035	1.75-5.00	10,103,200	-	550,000	9,553,200
Ice rink improvements	2,400,000	2016-2046	2.25-5.00	1,994,000	-	145,000	1,849,000
Improvements to Town Buildings	1,560,000	2017-2032	4.00	1,387,000	-	92,000	1,295,000
Traffic signals (2019)	485,000	2019-2034	2.00-5.00	485,000	-	25,000	460,000
Highway Fund:							
Road reconstruction & resurfacing	2,000,000	2005-2020	3.75-3.80	158,400	-	158,400	-
Sidewalk reconstruction & highway drainage	500,000	2005-2020	3.75-3.80	39,700	-	39,700	-
Highway drainage work (2009)	1,306,542	2015-2025	1.75-5.00	841,000	-	131,000	710,000
Highway drainage work (2011)	1,290,901	2015-2026	1.75-5.00	877,000	-	115,000	762,000
Highway repaving (2012)	932,982	2015-2026	1.75-5.00	634,000	-	83,000	551,000
Sidewalks (2011)	142,615	2015-2021	1.75-5.00	51,000	-	27,000	24,000
Sidewalks (2016)	642,000	2016-2046	2.25-5.00	411,000	-	86,000	325,000
Highway drainage and repaving (2016)	10,534,000	2016-2046	2.25-5.00	9,949,000	-	711,000	9,238,000
Highway Repaving	2,710,000	2017-2032	4.00	2,411,000	-	159,000	2,252,000
Highway drainage	700,000	2017-2032	4.00	618,000	-	42,000	576,000
Highway drainage and repaving (2016)	180,000	2017-2032	4.00	149,000	-	17,000	132,000
Highway reconstruction (2018)	1,900,000	2018-2033	3.00-5.00	1,800,000	-	108,000	1,692,000
Sidewalk reconstruction (2018)	200,000	2018-2033	3.00-5.00	184,000	-	18,000	166,000
Traffic signals (2018)	90,000	2018-2033	5.00	75,000	-	17,000	58,000
Highway drainage work (2018)	1,000,000	2018-2033	3.00-5.00	946,000	-	57,000	889,000
Highway drainage work (2019)	2,770,000		2.00-5.00	2,770,000	-	140,000	2,630,000
Highway drainage work (2020)	2,000,000	2020-2040	1.00-5.00	-	2,000,000	-	2,000,000
Special Districts:							
Alpine Sewer EFC Bond	752,825	2004-2034	1.20-5.15	380,000	-	25,000	355,000
Anderson Road drainage	1,100,000	2005-2020		87,200	-	87,200	-
Dingens Road drainage	644,070	2015-2025	1.75-5.00	413,000	-	65,000	348,000
Replacement of Sanitary Sewers	10,284,000			9,424,000	-	293,000	9,131,000
Drainage improvements	2,515,000	2016-2046	2.25-5.00	702,000	-	150,000	552,000
Sewer improvements	4,760,000	2019-2039	2.00-5.00	4,760,000	-	175,000	4,585,000
Sewer improvements	4,250,000	2020-2040	1.00-5.00		4,250,000		4,250,000
Total				\$ 52,410,000	\$ 6,250,000	\$ 3,670,000	\$ 54,990,000

Amortization of Bond Premium—On July 15, 2015, the Town issued serial bonds totaling \$17,619,000 and received a bond premium of \$1,662,499. On July 13, 2016, the Town issued serial bonds totaling \$26,930,000 and received a bond premium of \$5,053,364. On August 8, 2017 the Town issued serial bonds totaling \$5,150,000 and received a bond premium of \$550,000. On August 8, 2018 the Town issued serial bonds totaling \$3,190,000 and received a bond premium of \$197,974. On September 4, 2019 the Town issued serial bonds totaling \$8,015,000 and received a bond premium of \$510,000. Additionally, on December 17, 2020, the Town issued serial bonds totaling \$6,250,000 and received a bond premium of \$500,000. The premiums are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the bonds, which mature on July 15, 2035, July 1, 2046, August 1, 2032, August 1, 2033, August 1, 2039, and December 15, 2040, respectively. Total unamortized bond premiums as of December 31, 2020 was \$7,076,363.

Capital Leases—The Town entered into long-term capital leases for certain energy related equipment and machinery and various vehicles. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2020 was \$319,096. Refer to Note 9 for additional information related to the Town's capital lease.

Landfill Obligation—As further discussed in Note 16, the Town is responsible to perform specified operation and maintenance functions at a landfill site for a period of thirty (30) years. At December 31, 2020, the related postclosure liability approximates \$935,000, of which management estimates \$85,000 is due within one year.

Compensated Absences—As explained in Note 1, the Town records the value of compensated absences. The annual budgets of the General, Highway, Sewer and Consolidated Garbage funds provide funding for these benefits as they become payable. The value recorded in the government-wide financial statements at December 31, 2020 for governmental activities is \$13,838,383, of which management estimates \$691,919 is due within one year.

OPEB Obligation—As explained in Note 7, the Town provides a portion of healthcare benefits for retirees. The Town's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contributions of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB. The General, Highway, Sewer and Consolidated Garbage Funds are the governmental funds that generally have been used in prior years to liquidate portions of the net OPEB expense. The Town's long-term OPEB obligation is estimated to be \$260,518,890 at December 31, 2020.

Judgments and Claims—The Town is a defendant in various cases which are at differing stages of the litigation process. While the Town is involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of its operations, Town management believes that there is no liability at December 31, 2020. See Notes 5 and Note 8 for additional information related to the Town's judgments and claims liabilities.

Net Pension Liability—The Town reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Employees' Retirement System and Police and Fire Retirement System. The net pension liability at December 31, 2020 is estimated to be \$38,650,442 within governmental activities. Typically, the General Fund and all funds that pay NYS retirement have been used to liquidate this liability within the governmental funds. Refer to Note 6 for additional information related to the Town's net pension liability.

The following is a maturity schedule of the Town's indebtedness:

Year Ending	Serial	P	remium on	Capital		Landfill		ompensated	OPEB			Net Pension		
December 31,	 Bonds	S	erial Bonds	 Lease		Obligation		Absences		Obligation	Liability			Total
2021	\$ 3,675,000	\$	351,935	\$ 146,737	\$	85,000	\$	691,919	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,950,591
2022	3,765,000		351,935	102,168		-		-		-		-		4,219,103
2023	3,840,000		351,935	70,191		-		-		-		-		4,262,126
2024	3,910,000		351,935	-		-		-		-		-		4,261,935
2025	3,930,000		351,935	-		-		-		-		-		4,281,935
2026-2030	17,440,000		1,759,675	-		-		-		-		-		19,199,675
2031-2035	11,320,000		1,563,850	-		-		-		-		-		12,883,850
2036-2040	4,785,000		1,059,683	-		-		-		-		-		5,844,683
2041-thereafter	2,325,000		933,480	 -		850,000		13,146,464		260,518,890		38,650,442		316,424,276
Total	\$ 54,990,000	\$	7,076,363	\$ 319,096	\$	935,000	\$	13,838,383	\$	260,518,890	\$	38,650,442	\$	376,328,174

Interest requirements on serial bonds payable and capital leases are as follows:

Year Ending	Serial	Capital
December 31,	Bonds	 Lease
2021	\$ 2,125,556	\$ 12,593
2022	1,946,024	8,342
2023	1,761,097	8,873
2024	1,572,459	-
2025	1,380,410	-
2026-2030	4,562,807	-
2031-2035	1,758,538	-
2036-2040	594,108	-
2041-thereafter	 200,875	
Total	\$ 15,901,874	\$ 29,808

11. NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

• Net Investment in Capital Assets—This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category. A reconciliation of the Town's governmental activities net investment in capital assets is shown below:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		\$ 148,445,598
Less related debt:		
Serial bonds	\$ (54,990,000)	
Unamortized bond premiums	(7,076,363)	
Capital leases	(319,096)	 (62,385,459)
Net investment in capital assets		\$ 86,060,139

- Restricted Net Position—This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The total restricted component of net position of \$16,085,284 is restricted for insurance, debt reduction, and community development loans in the amounts of \$8,752,072, \$1,213,000, and \$6,120,212, respectively, within governmental activities.
- *Unrestricted Net Position*—This category represents net position of the Town not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the fund financial statements, nonspendable amounts represent net current financial resources that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance maintained by the Town at December 31, 2020 includes prepaid items as described below:

• **Prepaid Items**—Represents amounts prepaid to the retirement system that are applicable to future accounting periods. The General Fund, Highway Fund, Sewer Fund, Consolidated Garbage Fund, Community Development Fund, and nonmajor funds reported amounts of \$1,412,616, \$154,494, \$68,438, \$91,642, \$80 and \$38,340, respectively.

In the fund financial statements, restricted fund balances are amounts constrained to specific purposes (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government) through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation. At December 31, 2020, the Town reported the following restricted fund balances:

			Community						
		Debt	Development	Total					
	Insurance	Reduction	eduction Loans						
General Fund	\$ 8,752,072	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,752,072					
Community Development Fund	-	-	6,120,212	6,120,212					
Nonmajor funds		1,213,000		1,213,000					
Total	\$ 8,752,072	\$ 1,213,000	\$ 6,120,212	\$ 16,085,284					

- Restricted for Insurance—Represents reserve established within the General Fund which will be used to pay claims, actions or judgments against the Town that results from personal injuries or property damage; to pay self-insured workers' compensation claims and expenses in excess of claims and expenses paid from current appropriations; and to pay non-insured unemployment losses. At December 31, 2020, the Town had \$8,752,072 restricted for insurance.
- Restricted for Debt Reduction—Represents \$1,213,000 restricted for the reduction of future debt service requirements, of which \$147,000 has been appropriated in the 2021 adopted budget.
- *Community Development Loans*—Represents \$6,120,212 of community development loans within the Community Development Fund, which are legally required to be maintained intact.

In the fund financial statements, commitments are amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. As of December 31, 2020, the Town reported no committed fund balance.

In the fund financial statements, assignments are not legally required segregations but are segregated for a specific purpose by the Town. The Town Board authorizes the Supervisor to make a determination of the assigned amounts of fund balance. At December 31, 2020, the Town reported the following fund balance assignments:

Subcoguent

	I	Encumb- rances	Ex	Year's Expenditures		Capital Projects		Equipment		Pollution Remediation		Building Demolition		Specific Use		Total Assigned	
General Fund	\$	180,724	\$	3,700,000	\$	1,050,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,930,724	
Highway Fund		5,000		1,300,000		650,000		900,000		-		-		6,980,949		9,835,949	
Sewer Fund		340,948		776,650		500,000		-		2,000,000		-		3,947,776		7,565,374	
Consolidated Garbage Fund		-		300,000		-		-		-		-		2,182,389		2,482,389	
Nonmajor governmental funds:																	
Special Purpose Fund		-		-		-		-		-		-		342,184		342,184	
Town Outside Village Fund		-		450,000		-		-		-		64,320		1,389,835		1,904,155	
Lighting District Fund		42,784		70,000		-		-		-		-		388,216		501,000	
Master Drainage Fund		-		37,510		-		-		-		-		650,909		688,419	
Water Hydrant Fund				16,700			_	-						74,237	_	90,937	
Total	\$	569,456	\$	6,650,860	\$	2,200,000	\$	900,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	64,320	\$	15,956,495	\$	28,341,131	

- Assigned to Encumbrances—Represents commitments related to unperformed contracts or purchase orders for goods or services.
- Assigned to Subsequent Year's Expenditures—Represents available fund balance being appropriated to meet expenditure requirements in the 2021 fiscal year.
- Assigned to Capital Projects—Represents funds to be used for the construction of various capital projects.
- Assigned to Equipment—Represents amounts that are assigned for future purchases of various equipment.
- Assigned to Pollution Remediation—Represents funds to be used to assist in future obligations relating to pollution remediation.
- Assigned to Building Demolition—Represents funds to be used for the demolition of a Town building.
- Assigned to Specific Use—Represents fund balance within the special revenue funds that is assigned for a specific purpose. The assignments' purpose relates to each fund's operations and represent the remaining amounts within funds that are not restricted or committed.

If the Town must use funds for emergency expenditures the Town Board shall authorize the Supervisor to expend funds first from funds classified as nonspendable (if funds become available) then restricted funds. The use of committed and assigned funds will occur after the exhaustion of available restricted funds. Finally, if no other fund balances are available, the Town will use unassigned fund balance.

12. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund receivables and payables are short-term in nature and exist because of temporary advances or payments made on behalf of other funds. The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2020 is as follows:

	Interfu										
Fund	Receivable	Payable									
General Fund	\$ 11,019,818	\$ 5,207,054									
Highway Fund	1,749,627	1,591,931									
Sewer Fund	4,511,567	1,229,498									
Consolidated Garbage Fund	520,332	1,045,260									
Community Development Fund	-	361,796									
Capital Projects Fund	412,266	7,499,220									
Nonmajor governmental funds	561,864	1,810,483									
Cheektowaga E.D.C Proprietary Fund		30,232									
Total	\$ 18,775,474	\$ 18,775,474									

The outstanding balances between funds result from payments made on behalf of other funds or temporary advances. All of these balances are expected to be collected/paid within the subsequent year.

The Town made the following transfers during the year ended December 31, 2020:

					Transfer	s in	:					
						Lighting			Master		Debt	
	(General	H	Iighway	Sewer	District		Ι	Orainage		Service	
Fund	Fund		Fund		 Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund		 Total
Transfers out:												
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,609,494	\$ 1,609,494
Highway Fund	2	2,114,238		-	-		-		-		2,914,270	5,028,508
Sewer Fund	1	,325,015		-	-		-		-		1,039,262	2,364,277
Consolidated Garbage Fund	1	,767,656		-	-		-		-		-	1,767,656
Capital Projects Fund		526		-	-		-		-		182,743	183,269
Town Outside Village Fund		376,514		-	-		-		-		-	376,514
Lighting District Fund		-		-	-		-		-		128,639	128,639
Master Drainage District Fund		-		-	-		-		-		235,984	235,984
Debt Service Fund		90,000		50,000	 10,000		5,500		10,000			 165,500
Total	\$ 5	5,673,949	\$	50,000	\$ 10,000	\$	5,500	\$	10,000	\$	6,110,392	\$ 11,859,841

Transfers are used primarily to move revenues from the fund responsible for paying debt to the Debt Service Fund as debt service principal and interest become due, and to move various fund revenues that the Town must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Additionally, transfers from certain funds are used to finance various capital projects within the Capital Projects Fund.

13. LABOR RELATIONS

Certain Town employees are represented by five bargaining units, with the balance of the employees governed by Town Board rules and regulations. The Cheektowaga Police Club, the Cheektowaga Employees' Association, the Cheektowaga Public Safety Dispatchers Association, and the Cheektowaga Police Captains and Lieutenants Association have contracts settled through December 31, 2019, and are currently in negotiations while the Cheektowaga Supervisory Unit has a settled contract through December 31, 2020.

14. COMMITMENTS

Encumbrances—Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expended in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

The Town considers encumbrances to be significant for amounts that are encumbered in excess of \$50,000. As of December 31, 2020, the Town reported the following significant encumbrances:

Purpose	Amount
Capital Projects Fund — Rehab sewer	\$ 7,186,496
Sewer Fund — Beach and vegola relief sewer project	209,000
Capital Projects Fund — Lining and rehabilitiation of sewer line	181,847
General Fund — Traffic light vehicle	72,512
Capital Projects Fund — Engineering work for wastewater collection system	54,265

15. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Town is subject to tax abatements granted by the Erie County Industrial Development Agency ("ECIDA"). These programs have the stated purpose of increasing business activity and employment in the region. Economic development agreements are entered into by the ECIDA and include the abatement of state, county, local, and school district taxes, in addition to other assistance. In the case of the Town, the abatements have resulted in reductions of property taxes, which the Town administers as a temporary reduction in the assessed value of the property involved. The abatement agreements stipulate a percentage reduction of property taxes, which can be as much as 100 percent. Under the agreements entered into by ECIDA, the Town collected \$356,928 during 2020 in payments in lieu of taxes ("PILOT"), these collections were made in lieu of \$706,752 in property taxes.

16. CONTINGENCIES

Landfill Post-Closure—The Town is responsible to perform specified operation and maintenance functions at a landfill site for a period of (30) years. In 1993, the landfill was classified for cleanup by the United States Environmental Protection Agency as Superfund site NYD980507495. The site is being addressed in two stages, an interim remedial measure and a long-term remedial action phase focusing on the cleanup of the entire site. The interim remedial measure was completed in 1995.

During 2020, costs related to these functions totaled \$80,012. At December 31, 2020, the liability approximates \$935,000 which is based on 100% usage of the landfill. The landfill post-closure care liability is an estimate and is subject to changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

Litigation—The Town is involved in litigation in the ordinary course of its operations. Various legal actions are pending against the Town. Town management believes that there is no liability at December 31, 2020. See Note 5 and Note 8 for additional information related to the Town's judgments and claims liability.

Assessments—The Town is a defendant in litigation under Article 7 of the Real Property Tax Law of the State of New York to review tax assessments. While the Town vigorously defends assessments, the likelihood of success is on a case by case basis, and is dependent upon various factors including market values and appraised amounts. The potential loss of current assessment challenges cannot be estimated. Management believes that the level of such potential loss, if any, would be immaterial and no provisions have been made within the financial statements.

Grants—In the normal course of operations, the Town receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions that are specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed expenditures resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Town. While the amount of expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, management expects any amounts to be immaterial.

Pollution Remediation Obligations—On February 8, 2008, the Town was issued notice of intent to modify State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit ("SPDES"), Town of Cheektowaga, DEC No. R9-20050317-12 by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation ('NYSDEC"). As part of the notice, the Town submitted a plan for the abatement of the overflow of sanitary sewer discharge and received a response from the NYSDEC in December 2014. The NYSDEC has amended the process, requiring additional projects from the Town. The Town has therefore developed a ten year plan. As of December 31, 2020, the Town incurred costs of \$24,624,000 related to the NYSDEC consent order project. These expenditures have been funded

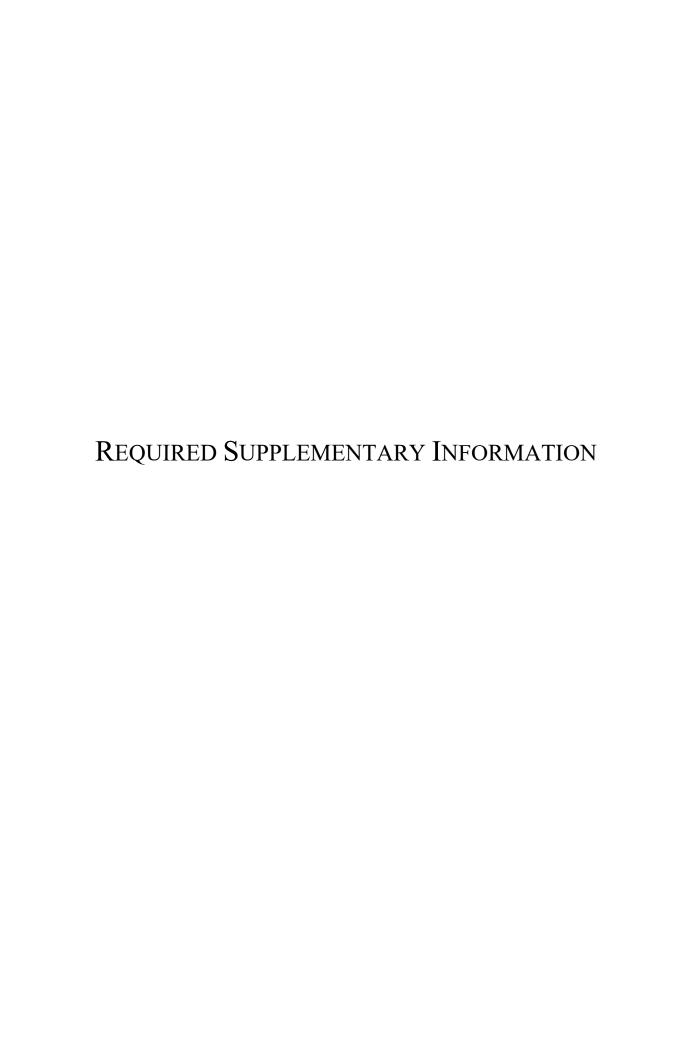
through the 2016 issuance of various purposes serial bonds, of which \$12,000,000 was dedicated to sanitary sewer improvements and the initial phase of the consent order project. These expenditures have also been funded through the 2019 and 2020 issuances of various purposes serial bonds, of which \$4,760,000 and \$4,250,00, respectively, were dedicated for sanitary sewer improvements of the consent order project. At December 31, 2020, the Town estimates the range of the remaining project to be between \$30,000,000 and \$35,000,000. The next phase is currently in process and the Town Board has secured funding in the form of \$15,000,000 in grant monies from the NYSDEC, as well as \$5,000,000 in grant monies from New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation ("NYSEFC"). The Town also secured funding in the form of interest free debt in the amount of \$15,000,000 from the NYSEFC.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through June 29, 2021, which is the date the financial statements are available for issuance, and have determined there are no subsequent events that require disclosure under generally accepted accounting principles.

* * * * *







Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability—Police and Fire Retirement System Last Seven Fiscal Years*

	Year Ended December 31,													
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	_	2014
Measurement date	Ma	arch 31, 2020	M	arch 31, 2019	N	March 31, 2018	M	arch 31, 2017	M	arch 31, 2016	M	arch 31, 2015	M	arch 31, 2014
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0.3727849%		0.3672911%		0.3860930%		0.4080880%		0.4091805%		0.4722381%		0.4722381%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	19,925,122	\$	6,159,704	\$	3,902,462	\$	8,458,244	\$	12,114,963	\$	1,299,881	<u>\$</u>	1,965,972
Town's covered payroll	\$	12,311,184	\$	12,361,264	\$	11,982,506	\$	12,292,383	\$	12,176,971	\$	11,314,792	\$	12,992,810
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		161.8%		49.8%		32.6%		68.8%		99.5%		11.5%		15.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		84.9%		95.1%		96.9%		93.5%		90.2%		99.0%		98.5%

^{*}Information prior to the year ended December 31, 2014 is not available.

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Schedule of the Town's Contributions— Police and Fire Retirement System Last Seven Fiscal Years*

	 Year Ended December 31,										
	2020		2019		2018		2017	 2016	2015		2014
Contractually required contributions	\$ 3,503,968	\$	3,354,269	\$	3,319,752	\$	3,427,841	\$ 3,101,999	\$ 3,121,342	\$	4,610,748
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (3,503,968)		(3,354,269)		(3,319,752)		(3,427,841)	 (3,101,999)	 (3,121,342)		(4,610,748)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Town's covered payroll	\$ 11,655,783	\$	12,383,025	\$	12,298,468	\$	12,310,479	\$ 12,544,913	\$ 11,559,099	\$	11,338,113
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	30.1%		27.1%		27.0%		27.8%	24.7%	27.0%		40.7%

^{*}Information prior to the year ended December 31, 2014 is not available.

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability—Employees' Retirement System Last Seven Fiscal Years*

Year Ended December 31, 2019 2018 2015 2020 2017 2016 2014 Measurement date March 31, 2020 March 31, 2019 March 31, 2018 March 31, 2017 March 31, 2016 March 31, 2015 March 31, 2014 Town's proportion of the net pension 0.0700159% 0.0707134% 0.0771460%0.0732198% 0.0761757%0.0792100% 0.0792100% liability Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability 18,725,320 4,960,841 2,489,846 6,879,892 12,226,408 2,675,908 3,579,390 Town's covered payroll 19,609,852 \$ 20,633,123 \$ 19,203,997 \$ 20,726,243 \$ 19,399,633 \$ 19,109,530 \$ 19,636,278 Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll 95.5% 24.0% 13.0% 33.2% 63.0% 14.0% 18.2% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 86.4% 96.3% 98.2% 94.7% 90.7% 97.9% 97.2%

^{*}Information prior to the year ended December 31, 2014 is not available.

Schedule of the Town's Contributions— Employees' Retirement System Last Seven Fiscal Years*

	Year Ended December 31,										
	 2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contributions	\$ 2,866,232	\$	2,941,299	\$	2,887,057	\$	3,067,915	\$	3,104,458	\$ 3,453,141	\$ 3,925,617
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (2,866,232)		(2,941,299)		(2,887,057)		(3,067,915)		(3,104,458)	 (3,453,141)	 (3,925,617)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Town's covered payroll	\$ 18,774,779	\$	20,086,886	\$	20,496,119	\$	19,321,347	\$	20,467,252	\$ 19,755,817	\$ 19,493,426
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.3%		14.6%		14.1%		15.9%		15.2%	17.5%	20.1%

^{*}Information prior to the year ended December 31, 2014 is not available.



Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Three Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 5,001,715	\$ 3,961,635	\$ 3,977,878
Interest	6,615,112	8,137,685	6,459,529
Differences between expected and actual experience	(8,035,798)	-	5,327,522
Changes of assumptions	21,937,529	37,127,467	26,673,359
Benefit payments	(6,427,106)	(6,279,469)	(5,446,381)
Net changes in total OPEB liability	19,091,452	42,947,318	36,991,907
Total OPEB liability—beginning	241,427,438	198,480,120	161,488,213
Total OPEB liability—ending	\$ 260,518,890	\$ 241,427,438	\$ 198,480,120
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions—employer	\$ 6,427,106	\$ 6,279,469	\$ 5,446,381
Benefit payments	(6,427,106)	(6,279,469)	(5,446,381)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	=	-	=
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning			
Plan fiduciary net position—ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Town's total OPEB liability—ending	\$ 260,518,890	\$ 241,427,438	\$ 198,480,120
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 26,537,518	\$ 27,026,304	\$ 26,367,126
Town's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	981.7%	893.3%	752.8%

^{*}Information prior to the year ended December 31, 2018 is not available.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			nounts		Actual	Variance with Final		
		Original		Final		Amounts		Budget	
REVENUES									
Real property taxes	\$	42,085,572	\$	42,085,572	\$	42,085,573	\$	1	
Other property tax items		660,097		660,097		663,079		2,982	
Non-property tax items		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,161,961		161,961	
Departmental income		1,420,325		1,420,325		941,216		(479,109)	
Use of money and property		214,000		214,000		125,492		(88,508)	
Licenses and permits		27,000		27,000		6,254		(20,746)	
Fines and forfeitures		1,050,000		1,050,000		734,693		(315,307)	
Sale of property and compensation for loss		25,000		25,000		81,357		56,357	
Miscellaneous		45,000		45,000		334,393		289,393	
State aid		1,316,100		1,317,100		1,885,516		568,416	
Federal aid		70,500		1,211,167		1,236,866		25,699	
Total revenues	_	47,913,594	_	49,055,261		49,256,400		201,139	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government support		9,576,524		11,164,144		10,575,943		588,201	
Public safety		19,010,908		19,577,005		17,975,426		1,601,579	
Transportation		282,656		282,817		272,750		10,067	
Economic assistance and opportunity		8,825		8,825		5,740		3,085	
Culture and recreation		4,926,718		4,995,297		3,097,193		1,898,104	
Employee benefits		22,258,422		21,892,834		19,133,391		2,759,443	
Debt service:									
Principal—capital leases		41,204	_	41,204	_	41,204			
Total expenditures		56,105,257		57,962,126		51,101,647		6,860,479	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		(8,191,663)		(8,906,865)		(1,845,247)		7,061,618	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		6,094,490		6,094,490		5,673,949		(420,541)	
Transfers out		(1,819,000)		(1,640,766)		(1,609,494)		31,272	
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,275,490		4,453,724		4,064,455		(389,269)	
Net change in fund balances *		(3,916,173)		(4,453,141)		2,219,208		6,672,349	
Fund balances—beginning	_	23,362,854	_	23,362,854	_	23,362,854			
Fund balances—ending	\$	19,446,681	\$	18,909,713	\$	25,582,062	\$	6,672,349	

^{*}The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e., spenddown) of fund balance and re-appropriation of prior year encumbrances.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Highway Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Budget
REVENUES							
Real property taxes	\$	2,807,246	\$	2,807,246	\$	2,807,246	\$ -
Other property tax items		23,260		23,260		20,676	(2,584)
Non-property tax items		8,411,304		9,231,304		9,623,305	392,001
Intergovernmental charges		336,000		336,000		359,338	23,338
Use of money and property		50,000		50,000		23,179	(26,821)
Sale of property and compensation for loss		3,000		149,380		106,550	(42,830)
Miscellaneous		6,000		6,000		31,468	25,468
State aid		820,000		-		52,153	52,153
Federal aid		10,000		11,080		45,020	33,940
Total revenues	_	12,466,810		12,614,270		13,068,935	 454,665
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Transportation		6,528,155		6,642,832		6,046,297	596,535
Home and community services		4,000		4,000		3,775	225
Employee benefits	_	3,250,555		1,517,534		1,376,399	 141,135
Total expenditures		9,782,710		8,164,366		7,426,471	 737,895
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	2,684,100		4,449,904	_	5,642,464	 1,192,560
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		50,000		50,000		50,000	_
Transfers out		(3,784,100)		(5,549,904)		(5,028,508)	521,396
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,734,100)		(5,499,904)		(4,978,508)	 521,396
Net change in fund balances *		(1,050,000)		(1,050,000)		663,956	1,713,956
Fund balances—beginning		9,326,487		9,326,487		9,326,487	
Fund balances—ending	\$	8,276,487	\$	8,276,487	\$	9,990,443	\$ 1,713,956

^{*}The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e., spenddown) of fund balance.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Sewer Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance vith Final
		Original		Final		Amounts	 Budget
REVENUES							
Real property taxes	\$	12,036,312	\$	12,036,312	\$	12,036,312	\$ -
Intergovernmental charges		254,600		254,600		267,104	12,504
Use of money and property		65,150		65,150		16,804	(48,346)
Sale of property and compensation for loss		-		-		1,802	1,802
Miscellaneous		4,000		4,000		84,666	80,666
Federal aid		5,000		5,344		6,344	 1,000
Total revenues		12,365,062		12,365,406	_	12,413,032	 47,626
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Home and community services		9,401,830		9,393,678		8,922,785	470,893
Employee benefits		1,311,040		1,319,660		1,179,347	140,313
Debt service:							
Principal—capital leases		13,232		13,232		13,232	
Total expenditures		10,726,102		10,726,570		10,115,364	 611,206
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,638,960		1,638,836		2,297,668	 658,832
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		10,000		10,000		10,000	-
Transfers out		(2,743,446)		(2,743,446)		(2,364,277)	 379,169
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,733,446)		(2,733,446)		(2,354,277)	 379,169
Net change in fund balances *		(1,094,486)		(1,094,610)		(56,609)	1,038,001
Fund balances—beginning		7,690,421		7,690,421		7,690,421	 -
Fund balances—ending	\$	6,595,935	\$	6,595,811	\$	7,633,812	\$ 1,038,001

^{*}The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e., spenddown) of fund balance and re-appropriation of prior year encumbrances.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Consolidated Garbage Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	_	Budgeted Original	An	nounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance vith Final Budget
REVENUES							
Real property taxes	\$	8,760,760	\$	8,760,760	\$	8,760,760	\$ -
Other property tax items		4,350		4,350		4,350	-
Departmental income		80,000		80,000		87,911	7,911
Use of money and property		45,000		45,000		27,150	(17,850)
Miscellaneous		20,000		20,000		14,811	(5,189)
Federal aid		12,000		14,110		19,110	 5,000
Total revenues		8,922,110		8,924,220	_	8,914,092	 (10,128)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Home and community services		6,106,761		6,133,068		6,120,468	12,600
Employee benefits		1,203,188		1,178,991	_	1,103,013	 75,978
Total expenditures		7,309,949		7,312,059	_	7,223,481	 88,578
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,612,161		1,612,161	_	1,690,611	 78,450
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out		(1,887,161)		(1,887,161)		(1,767,656)	 119,505
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,887,161)		(1,887,161)		(1,767,656)	 119,505
Net change in fund balances *		(275,000)		(275,000)		(77,045)	197,955
Fund balances—beginning		2,651,076		2,651,076		2,651,076	-
Fund balances—ending	\$	2,376,076	\$	2,376,076	\$	2,574,031	\$ 197,955

^{*}The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e., spenddown) of fund balance.



Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Year Ended December 31, 2020

1. OPEB LIABILITY

Changes of Assumptions—The rate used to discount future plan cash flows decreased from 2.74% effective December 31, 2019 to 2.12% as of December 31, 2020, based on a review of the Bond Buyers 20-Bond Index. The mortality assumption was updated as of December 31, 2020 to the PriH-2012 Total Dataset Mortality Tables for employees and healthy annuitants, adjusted for mortality improvements with scale MP-2020 on a fully generational basis. Previously, the sex-distinct RPH-2014 Mortality Table projected using Improvement Scale MP-2019 mortality tables were utilized. This change was made based on a review of published studies and demographics of the plan. The change in the discount rate resulted in an increase in liabilities.

2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

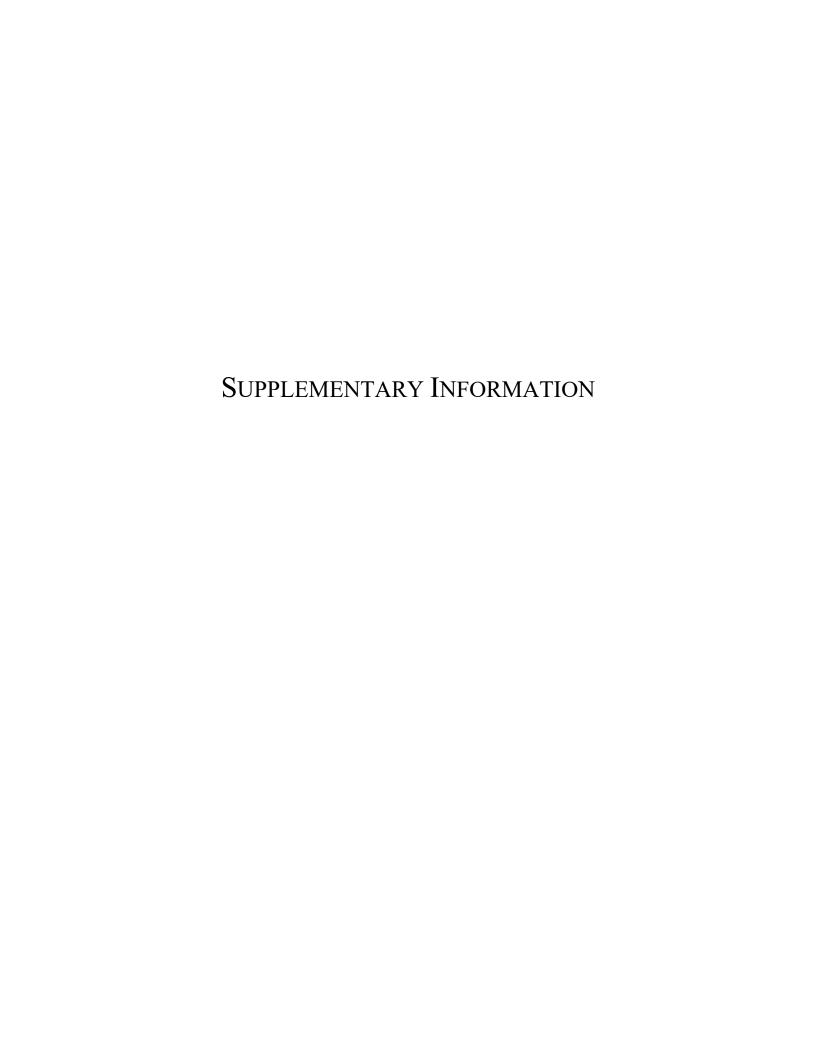
Budgetary Basis of Accounting—Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America for all governmental funds, with the exception of the Community Development Fund, the Special Purpose Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. These funds are appropriated on a project-length basis; appropriations are approved through Town Board resolution at the grant/project's inception and lapse upon completion/termination of the grant/project.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, department, and object. Amendments and transfers of appropriations require the approval of the Town Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the object classification. The Town has provided budgetary comparison schedules within a Supplement to the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report to demonstrate compliance at the legal level of budgetary control.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances.

Actual results of operations presented in accordance with GAAP and the Town's accounting policies do not recognize encumbrances and restricted fund balance as expenditures until the period in which the actual goods or services are received and a liability is incurred. Encumbrances are only reported on the balance sheet of the governmental funds included within restricted, committed or assigned fund balance. Significant encumbrances are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.





COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Purpose Special Revenue Fund—maintains those funds that are handled by the Town deposited on behalf of another party and designated for a specified purpose.

Town Outside Village Special Revenue Fund—accounts for selected services which by New York State Statute cannot be charged to residents of the Village located within the Town.

Nonmajor Special Districts Special Revenue Fund—funds that maintain various systems throughout the Town but are not considered a major fund.

- **Lighting District Fund**—accounts for lighting services provided to areas within the Town.
- Master Drainage Fund—accounts for the maintenance of the Town's street drainage system.
- Water Hydrant Fund—accounts for maintaining the fire hydrants throughout the Town.

Debt Service Fund—used to account for the payment of principal and interest on serial bonds within all governmental funds.



TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Combining Balance Sheet—Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

	_	Special Revenue					Total					
	Special Purpose		Town Outside Village		Nonmajor Special Districts		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service		No	Fotal nmajor Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	342,184	\$	1,253,637	\$	1,390,965	\$	2,986,786	\$	=		,986,786
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-		-		2,060,501	2	,060,501
Receivables		-		-		1,145		1,145		-		1,145
Intergovernmental receivables		=		1,120,822		-		1,120,822		-	1	,120,822
Due from other funds		-		556,187		-		556,187		5,677		561,864
Prepaid items				38,340	_		_	38,340	_			38,340
Total assets	\$	342,184	\$	2,968,986	\$	1,392,110	\$	4,703,280	\$	2,066,178	\$ 6	,769,458
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,776	\$	95,143	\$	96,919	\$	10	\$	96,929
Accrued liabilities		=		61,146		-		61,146		=		61,146
Intergovernmental payables		-		7,822		15,043		22,865		_		22,865
Due to other funds				955,747		1,568		957,315		853,168	1	,810,483
Total liabilities	_			1,026,491	_	111,754	_	1,138,245	_	853,178	1	,991,423
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		-		38,340		-		38,340		=		38,340
Restricted		=		=		-		-		1,213,000	1	,213,000
Assigned		342,184		1,904,155		1,280,356		3,526,695			3	,526,695
Total fund balances		342,184		1,942,495		1,280,356		3,565,035		1,213,000	4	,778,035
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	342,184	\$	2,968,986	\$	1,392,110	\$	4,703,280	\$	2,066,178	\$ 6	,769,458

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Special Revenu	e	Total			
	Special Purpose	Town Outside Village	Nonmajor Special Districts	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Funds	
REVENUES	Ф	Φ.	Ф 2 414 150	Ф 2 414 150	Ф	Ф 2 414 150	
Real property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,414,150	\$ 3,414,150	\$ -	\$ 3,414,150	
Other property tax items	-	260.606	3,400	3,400	-	3,400	
Non-property tax items	-	268,696	-	268,696	-	268,696	
Use of money and property	=	2,348	10,604	12,952	3,425	16,377	
Licenses and permits	-	470,572	-	470,572	-	470,572	
Miscellaneous	74,904	826,749	1,190	902,843	-	902,843	
Federal aid	74.004	700		700	2.425	700	
Total revenues	74,904	1,569,065	3,429,344	5,073,313	3,425	5,076,738	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety	-	1,161,551	-	1,161,551	-	1,161,551	
Culture and recreation	68,874	-	-	68,874	-	68,874	
Home and community services	58,566	38,804	2,785,802	2,883,172	_	2,883,172	
Employee benefits	-	301,861	182,935	484,796	-	484,796	
Debt service:							
Principal—serial bonds	-	-	-	-	3,670,000	3,670,000	
Principal—capital leases	-	-	-	-	151,574	151,574	
Interest and other fiscal charges					2,560,739	2,560,739	
Total expenditures	127,440	1,502,216	2,968,737	4,598,393	6,382,313	10,980,706	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(52,536)	66,849	460,607	474,920	(6,378,888)	(5,903,968)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	=	=	15,500	15,500	6,110,392	6,125,892	
Transfers out		(376,514)	(364,623)	(741,137)	(165,500)	(906,637)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(376,514)	(349,123)	(725,637)	5,944,892	5,219,255	
Net change in fund balances	(52,536)	(309,665)	111,484	(250,717)	(433,996)	(684,713)	
Fund balances—beginning	394,720	2,252,160	1,168,872	3,815,752	1,646,996	5,462,748	
Fund balances—ending	\$ 342,184	\$ 1,942,495	\$ 1,280,356	\$ 3,565,035	\$ 1,213,000	\$ 4,778,035	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Town Outside Village Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final		
	Original			Final		Amounts	Budget			
REVENUES										
Non-property taxes	\$	1,088,696	\$	268,696	\$	268,696	\$	-		
Use of money and property		5,000		5,000		2,348		(2,652)		
Licenses and permits		600,000		600,000		470,572		(129,428)		
Miscellaneous		-		820,000		826,749		6,749		
Federal aid		500		500		700		200		
Total revenues		1,694,196		1,694,196	_	1,569,065		(125,131)		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Public safety		1,252,255		1,201,926		1,161,551		40,375		
Home and community services		44,074		44,074		38,804		5,270		
Employee benefits		334,232		384,561		301,861		82,700		
Total expenditures		1,630,561		1,630,561	_	1,502,216		128,345		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		63,635		63,635		66,849		3,214		
OTHER FINANCING USES										
Transfers out		(413,635)		(413,635)		(376,514)		37,121		
Total other financing uses		(413,635)		(413,635)		(376,514)		37,121		
Net change in fund balances *		(350,000)		(350,000)		(309,665)		40,335		
Fund balances—beginning		2,252,160		2,252,160		2,252,160				
Fund balances—ending	\$	1,902,160	\$	1,902,160	\$	1,942,495	\$	40,335		

^{*}The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e., spenddown) of fund balance.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Debt Service Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted	An	nounts		Actual		Variance with Final
	 Original	_	Final	_	Amounts	_	Budget
REVENUES							
Use of money and property	\$ 4,200	\$	4,200	\$	3,425	\$	(775)
Total revenues	 4,200		4,200		3,425		(775)
EXPENDITURES							
Debt service:							
Principal—serial bonds	4,497,713		4,268,182		3,670,000		598,182
Principal—capital leases	151,574		151,574		151,574		-
Interest and other fiscal charges	 2,331,208		2,560,739		2,560,739	_	
Total expenditures	6,980,495		6,980,495		6,382,313		598,182
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	 (6,976,295)	_	(6,976,295)		(6,378,888)	_	597,407
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	6,980,495		6,980,495		6,110,392		(870,103)
Transfers out	(165,500)		(165,500)		(165,500)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,814,995		6,814,995		5,944,892		(870,103)
Net change in fund balances *	(161,300)		(161,300)		(433,996)		(272,696)
Fund balances—beginning	 1,646,996		1,646,996		1,646,996		
Fund balances—ending	\$ 1,485,696	\$	1,485,696	\$	1,213,000	\$	(272,696)

^{*} The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e., spenddown) of fund balance.

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Combining Balance Sheet—Nonmajor Special Districts Funds December 31, 2020

	 Sį	oecia	al Revenue	!		ľ	Total Nonmajor
	Lighting District		Master Drainage		Water Iydrant		Special Districts
ASSETS	 						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 609,957	\$	691,216	\$	89,792 1,145	\$	1,390,965 1,145
Total assets	\$ 609,957	\$	691,216	\$	90,937	\$	1,392,110
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 92,346	\$	2,797	\$	-	\$	95,143
Intergovernmental payables	15,043		-		-		15,043
Due to other funds	 1,568		=-				1,568
Total liabilities	 108,957		2,797				111,754
FUND BALANCES							
Assigned	 501,000		688,419		90,937		1,280,356
Total fund balances	 501,000		688,419		90,937		1,280,356
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 609,957	\$	691,216	\$	90,937	\$	1,392,110

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Nonmajor Special Districts Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

	 Sp Lighting District	al Revenue Master Drainage	Water Iydrant	·	Total Nonmajor Special Districts
REVENUES	 	_	_		_
Real property taxes	\$ 2,362,562	\$ 599,231	\$ 452,357	\$	3,414,150
Other property tax items	3,400	-	-		3,400
Use of money and property	5,928	3,911	765		10,604
Miscellaneous	 1,190	 			1,190
Total revenues	 2,373,080	 603,142	 453,122		3,429,344
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Home and community services	2,013,013	344,787	428,002		2,785,802
Employee benefits	85,139	54,652	43,144		182,935
Total expenditures	2,098,152	399,439	471,146		2,968,737
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	 274,928	203,703	 (18,024)		460,607
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	5,500	10,000	-		15,500
Transfers out	 (128,639)	 (235,984)			(364,623)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (123,139)	(225,984)	 	_	(349,123)
Net change in fund balances	151,789	(22,281)	(18,024)		111,484
Fund balances—beginning	349,211	710,700	108,961		1,168,872
Fund balances—ending	\$ 501,000	\$ 688,419	\$ 90,937	\$	1,280,356

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Lighting District Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	_	Budgeted A	Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance vith Final Budget
REVENUES						
Real property taxes	\$	2,362,562	\$ 2,362,562	\$	2,362,562	\$ -
Other property tax items		5,150	5,150		3,400	(1,750)
Use of money and property		9,000	9,000		5,928	(3,072)
Miscellaneous				_	1,190	 1,190
Total revenues		2,376,712	2,376,712	_	2,373,080	 (3,632)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Home and community services		2,276,409	2,276,409		2,013,013	263,396
Employee benefits		85,139	85,139		85,139	
Total expenditures		2,361,548	2,361,548	_	2,098,152	 263,396
Excess of revenues over expenditures		15,164	15,164		274,928	 259,764
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		5,500	5,500		5,500	-
Transfers out		(128,639)	(128,639)		(128,639)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(123,139)	(123,139)		(123,139)	
Net change in fund balances *		(107,975)	(107,975)		151,789	259,764
Fund balances—beginning		349,211	349,211		349,211	
Fund balances—ending	\$	241,236	\$ 241,236	\$	501,000	\$ 259,764

^{*} The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e. spenddown) of fund balance and re-appropriation of prior year encumbrances.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Master Drainage Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Budgeted A	۱m	ounts		Actual		Variance with Final
	(Original		Final		Amounts		Budget
REVENUES								
Real property taxes	\$	599,231	\$	599,231	\$	599,231	\$	-
Use of money and property		3,000		3,000		3,911		911
Total revenues		602,231		602,231		603,142		911
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Home and community services		356,889		356,889		344,787		12,102
Employee benefits		54,652		54,652		54,652	_	
Total expenditures		411,541	_	411,541		399,439	_	12,102
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		190,690	_	190,690		203,703		13,013
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
Transfers out		(238,200)		(238,200)		(235,984)		2,216
Total other financing sources (uses)		(228,200)		(228,200)	_	(225,984)	_	2,216
Net change in fund balances *		(37,510)		(37,510)		(22,281)		15,229
Fund balances—beginning		710,700		710,700		710,700		
Fund balances—ending	\$	673,190	\$	673,190	\$	688,419	\$	15,229

^{*} The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e. spenddown)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—Water Hydrant Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	 Budgeted A	Amo	ounts	Actual	Variance vith Final
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	 Budget
REVENUES	 			_	_
Real property taxes	\$ 452,357	\$	452,357	\$ 452,357	\$ -
Use of money and property	 2,540		2,540	 765	(1,775)
Total revenues	 454,897		454,897	 453,122	(1,775)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Home and community services	434,791		434,791	428,002	6,789
Employee benefits	 43,144		43,144	 43,144	
Total expenditures	 477,935		477,935	 471,146	 6,789
Net change in fund balances *	(23,038)		(23,038)	(18,024)	5,014
Fund balances—beginning	 108,961		108,961	 108,961	
Fund balances—ending	\$ 85,923	\$	85,923	\$ 90,937	\$ 5,014

^{*} The net change in fund balances was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e. spenddown)

STATISTICAL SECTION

(UNAUDITED)

This section of the Town of Cheektowaga's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, required supplementary information, and supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Contents	age
inancial Trends	79
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	85
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant revenue source, real property taxes.	
Debt Capacity	90
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	94
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	96
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town's provides and the activities it performs.	



Schedule I—Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	 2011	2012	2013		2014		2015		2016	2017		2018		2019		2020
Governmental activities:	 		 _							 _						
Net investment in																
capital assets	\$ 57,296,433	\$ 61,713,677	\$ 65,381,799	\$	67,316,133	\$	71,885,096	\$	70,568,916	\$ 72,536,099	\$	76,903,405	\$	81,963,117	\$	86,060,139
Restricted for:																
Capital projects	-	2,252,146	-		-		-		2,458,461	774,236		-		-		-
Insurance	1,653,598	261,272	1,225,240		2,387,963		6,064,938		5,758,696	4,536,297		7,430,499		8,664,669		8,752,072
Debt reduction	2,045,263	1,985,934	1,812,662		1,748,054		1,834,387		2,138,729	1,729,759		1,807,771		1,157,707		1,213,000
Community																
development loans	-	-	-		-		-		6,414,799	6,351,647		6,089,850		6,269,671		6,120,212
Unrestricted	 (6,570,885)	 (18,098,551)	 (21,372,134)	_	(33,923,931)	_	(40,627,329)	_	(66,023,190)	 (87,926,014)	_	(155,253,399)	_	(172,231,047)	(<u>197,769,859</u>)
Total net position—																
governmental activities	\$ 54,424,409	\$ 48,114,478	\$ 47,047,567	\$	37,528,219	\$	39,157,092	\$	21,316,411	\$ (1,997,976)	\$	(63,021,874)	\$	(74,175,883)	\$	(95,624,436)
Business-type activities:*																
Unrestricted	n/a	n/a	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a	\$ 1,809,144	\$	1,741,889	\$	1,266,006	\$	1,192,444
Primary Government:																
Net investment in																
capital assets	\$ 57,296,433	\$ 61,713,677	\$ 65,381,799	\$	67,316,133	\$	71,885,096	\$	70,568,916	\$ 72,536,099	\$	76,903,405	\$	81,963,117	\$	86,060,139
Restricted for:																
Capital projects	-	2,252,146	-		-		-		2,458,461	774,236		-		-		-
Insurance	1,653,598	261,272	1,225,240		2,387,963		6,064,938		5,758,696	4,536,297		7,430,499		8,664,669		8,752,072
Debt reduction	2,045,263	1,985,934	1,812,662		1,748,054		1,834,387		2,138,729	1,729,759		1,807,771		1,157,707		1,213,000
Community																
development loans	-	-	-		-		-		6,414,799	6,351,647		6,089,850		6,269,671		6,120,212
Unrestricted	 (6,570,885)	 (18,098,551)	 (21,372,134)		(33,923,931)		(40,627,329)		(66,023,190)	 (86,116,870)		(153,511,510)	_	(170,965,041)	_(196,577,415)
Total net position—																
primary government	\$ 54,424,409	\$ 48,114,478	\$ 47,047,567	\$	37,528,219	\$	39,157,092	\$	21,316,411	\$ (188,832)	\$	(61,279,985)	\$	(72,909,877)	\$	(94,431,992)

^{*}During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, which resulted in the Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation's inclusion to the primary government within business-type activities.

Schedule II—Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017*	2018	2019	2020
Primary government:										 -
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:	e 11 (20 4()	e 14.207 (01	e 12.040.760	0 16740 240	e 12 177 921	e 16.076.110	e 17.744.062	e 10.021.402	e 17.204.100	e 10.516.010
General government support Public safety	\$ 11,638,466 25,901,940	\$ 14,386,681 25,295,847	\$ 13,840,768 24,710,972	\$ 16,748,348 25,574,204	\$ 13,177,821 27,220,126	\$ 16,876,110 34,445,387	\$ 17,744,063 29,825,137	\$ 10,931,483 27,200,014	\$ 17,304,109 32,833,227	\$ 18,516,910 32,941,762
Transportation	11,561,944	12,318,808	12,701,147	15,989,175	12,873,313	15,538,277	14,221,582	16,238,454	12,859,267	13,652,172
Economic assistance and opportunity	15,631	13,285	23,492	33,085	14,289	12,637	7,733	6,604	8,911	10,389
Culture and recreation	7,880,239	6,267,114	8,697,567	8,590,854	8,003,945	10,657,720	8,812,819	7,004,426	8,548,850	6,932,661
Home and community services	28,864,364	31,490,859	26,845,152	26,804,412	27,095,609	32,235,445	38,716,790	33,546,130	33,940,233	38,291,456
Interest and other fiscal charges	729,470	787,445	674,725	461,328	365,465	1,887,933	1,939,510	2,122,514	2,007,940	2,591,674
Business-type activities:										
Cheektowaga E.D.C.	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	237,646	81,605	517,632	81,336
Total primary government expenses	86,592,054	90,560,039	87,493,823	94,201,406	88,750,568	111,653,509	111,505,280	97,131,230	108,020,169	113,018,360
Program revenues:										
Governmental activities: Charges for services										
General government support	913,453	910,089	1,169,173	817,991	949,518	967,932	1,089,260	1,273,299	1,069,230	744,868
Public safety	1,158,002	1,124,592	1,203,215	1,242,842	1,322,666	1,189,721	1,091,910	1,321,060	1,572,842	999,699
Transportation	283,146	297,883	312,929	446,004	308,607	316,010	325,491	335,255	345,106	359,338
Culture and recreation	997,030	963,711	1,016,966	1,046,461	1,014,446	939,861	893,302	890,405	937,112	408,168
Home and community services	509,073	615,589	484,253	507,699	411,457	386,458	404,360	421,098	339,538	355,015
Operating grants and contributions	2,489,086	2,072,168	2,353,174	2,363,840	3,170,904	2,602,983	3,515,502	1,934,074	3,462,689	3,165,439
Capital grants and contributions	1,510,051	961,167	544,551	238,121	1,093,575	450,495	175,108	2,809,671	3,893,338	923,307
Business-type activities:										
Cheektowaga E.D.C.	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	31,287			
Total primary government program revenues	7,859,841	6,945,199	7,084,261	6,662,958	8,271,173	6,853,460	7,526,220	8,984,862	11,619,855	6,955,834
Primary government net expense	(78,732,213)	(83,614,840)	(80,409,562)	(87,538,448)	(80,479,395)	(104,800,049)	(103,979,060)	(88,146,368)	(96,400,314)	(106,062,526)
General revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	64,571,903	64,852,392	65,875,325	65,141,240	65,378,795	67,170,415	67,027,016	69,096,038	69,800,421	69,795,546
Non-property taxes	9,383,152	9,741,760	10,006,908	10,107,058	10,561,776	10,540,545	10,525,382	10,800,998	11,383,234	11,053,962
Use of money and property	387,965	406,892	240,994	212,137	157,104	356,192	464,870	530,663	942,604	527,699
Sale of property and compensation for loss	251,296	148,661	224,454	277,330	153,658	130,072	91,008	117,887	126,664	189,709
Miscellaneous	996,379	425,029	984,040	224,451	3,019,624	407,065	165,912	1,060,383	260,895	1,370,001
Unrestricted state aid	1,640,486	1,730,175	2,010,930	2,057,596	2,106,725	1,972,762	2,184,126	2,125,651	2,214,855	1,595,720
Business-type activities:										
Cheektowaga E.D.C.	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	19,257	14,350	41,749	7,774
Total primary government general revenues	77,231,181	77,304,909	79,342,651	78,019,812	81,377,682	80,577,051	80,477,571	83,745,970	84,770,422	84,540,411
Primary government change in net position	\$ (1,501,032)	\$ (6,309,931)	\$ (1,066,911)	\$ (9,518,636)		\$ (24,222,998)				\$ (21,522,115)

^{*}During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, which resulted in the Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation's inclusion to the primary government within business-type activities.

Schedule III—Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Function/Program										
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government support	\$ 952,946	\$ 939,365	\$ 1,232,756	\$ 877,929	\$ 960,892	\$ 1,276,973	\$ 1,252,936	\$ 1,306,599	\$ 1,069,930	\$ 745,568
Public safety	2,085,284	1,891,301	1,569,467	1,589,420	1,714,681	1,429,685	1,372,736	1,518,499	1,760,937	1,290,924
Transportation	643,215	737,634	834,196	1,130,022	2,119,676	1,294,272	1,005,957	3,621,410	5,199,067	1,327,665
Culture and recreation	1,158,539	1,028,741	1,085,245	1,122,027	1,080,331	1,002,563	959,246	943,049	1,010,730	458,892
Home and community services	3,019,857	2,348,158	2,362,597	1,943,560	2,395,593	1,849,967	2,904,058	1,595,305	2,579,191	3,132,785
Business-type activities:*										
Cheektowaga E.D.C.	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	31,287			
Total program revenues	\$ 7,859,841	\$ 6,945,199	\$ 7,084,261	\$ 6,662,958	\$ 8,271,173	\$ 6,853,460	\$ 7,526,220	\$ 8,984,862	\$ 11,619,855	\$ 6,955,834

^{*}During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an amendment of GASB Statement No.* Cheektowaga Economic Development Corporation's inclusion to the primary government within business-type activities.

Schedule IV—Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	_	2011	 2012	_	2013	_	2014	 2015	 2016	_	2017	 2018	 2019	 2020
General Fund:														
Nonspendable	\$	1,052,356	\$ 1,181,218	\$	1,470,130	\$	1,506,591	\$ 1,151,502	\$ 1,244,438	\$	1,399,367	\$ 1,321,594	\$ 1,408,450	\$ 1,412,616
Restricted		1,653,598	261,272		1,225,240		2,387,963	6,064,938	5,758,696		4,536,297	7,430,499	8,664,669	8,752,072
Assigned		10,621,833	8,545,229		8,776,916		6,983,874	5,504,746	5,432,644		5,336,945	5,116,432	5,066,173	4,930,724
Unassigned		8,923,294	9,423,835		8,761,619		6,681,792	8,040,685	7,597,850		7,380,962	8,072,699	8,223,562	10,486,650
Total General Fund	\$	22,251,081	\$ 19,411,554	\$	20,233,905	\$	17,560,220	\$ 20,761,871	\$ 20,033,628	\$	18,653,571	\$ 21,941,224	\$ 23,362,854	\$ 25,582,062
All other governmental funds:														
Nonspendable	\$	337,302	\$ 378,632	\$	498,655	\$	447,321	\$ 414,237	\$ 364,673	\$	619,415	\$ 309,774	\$ 817,219	\$ 352,994
Restricted		2,045,263	4,238,080		1,812,662		1,748,054	1,834,387	15,652,351		12,785,844	7,897,621	7,427,378	7,333,212
Assigned		21,761,566	20,494,841		21,235,116		18,722,727	19,937,471	21,711,179		20,875,019	21,672,304	23,158,216	23,410,407
Unassigned		(15,114,575)	(24,266,514)	((24,558,369)		(26,499,929)	(12,562,434)	-		-	(1,194,634)	(376,299)	(7,283,069)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	9,029,556	\$ 845,039	\$	(1,011,936)	\$	(5,581,827)	\$ 9,623,661	\$ 37,728,203	\$	34,280,278	\$ 28,685,065	\$ 31,026,514	\$ 23,813,544

Schedule V—Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues:										
Taxes ¹	\$ 73,955,054	\$ 74,594,151	\$ 75,882,232	\$ 75,248,298	\$ 75,940,571	\$ 77,710,960	\$ 79,872,530	\$ 79,897,036	\$ 81,183,655	\$ 80,849,508
Charges for services ²	2,188,233	2,101,909	2,197,404	2,443,634	2,177,251	2,076,926	2,053,162	2,241,545	2,408,632	1,655,569
Use of money and property	387,965	406,892	240,994	212,137	149,335	89,823	331,097	261,283	676,779	214,379
Licenses and permits	614,969	616,353	865,895	526,390	656,491	664,595	781,008	954,267	747,934	476,826
Fines and forfeitures	1,057,502	1,034,083	1,123,238	1,090,973	1,172,952	1,058,461	970,153	1,045,305	1,107,262	734,693
Miscellaneous ³	1,277,857	572,813	1,159,492	1,309,765	3,841,599	1,176,104	450,127	1,489,956	841,059	1,559,710
State aid	3,211,340	3,197,538	3,160,268	3,145,182	3,341,728	3,634,487	3,376,270	5,871,940	7,443,903	2,820,717
Federal aid	2,428,284	1,565,972	1,748,387	1,514,375	3,029,476	1,391,753	2,498,466	997,456	2,126,979	2,863,749
Total revenues	85,121,204	84,089,711	86,377,910	85,490,754	90,309,403	87,803,109	90,332,813	92,758,788	96,536,203	91,175,151
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government										
support	9,464,211	10,613,397	8,222,273	10,602,225	7,942,463	9,135,167	10,816,088	8,101,554	9,933,233	10,575,943
Public safety	25,025,203	21,866,501	17,295,752	17,782,731	18,374,421	18,406,704	18,283,868	18,700,130	19,095,999	19,136,977
Transportation	10,185,381	10,556,549	7,337,896	8,288,946	7,445,513	7,055,261	6,921,633	6,683,086	7,107,038	6,319,047
Economic assistance										
and opportunity	11,248	9,443	16,289	23,051	10,235	7,486	4,764	4,562	5,367	5,740
Culture and recreation	5,330,375	5,423,204	5,489,353	5,441,111	5,231,697	4,976,460	4,866,512	4,817,602	4,608,533	3,166,067
Home and community										
services	21,347,248	22,853,956	17,894,243	19,537,362	19,657,314	18,541,919	21,011,779	19,408,293	18,889,024	19,597,441
Employee benefits	19,230,908	20,748,470	21,087,743	22,421,715	21,163,859	23,409,835	22,713,153	21,550,299	23,284,537	23,276,946
Debt service:										
Principal ⁵	2,297,975	2,345,212	2,053,269	2,007,184	1,661,997	2,606,752	3,174,492	3,657,267	4,004,798	3,876,010
Interest and other	, , . , .	,,	,,	,,) <i>)</i>	, ,	-, - ,	- / /	, , , , , ,	- ,- : - ,
fiscal charges	731,028	697,023	659,110	466,426	412,555	1,060,062	1,964,453	2,079,523	2,043,125	2,560,739
Capital outlay	-	-	7,356,606	6,163,579	9,283,709	13,592,845	8,783,921	13,452,006	12,598,647	14,404,003
Total expenditures	93,623,577	95,113,755	87,412,534	92,734,330	91,183,763	98,792,491	98,540,663	98,454,322	101,570,301	102,918,913
•			· · · · ·							(continued)

(concluded)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	5,939,181	10,167,215	12,482,312	13,122,984	16,404,018	15,872,953	10,823,597	12,290,444	12,033,747	11,859,841
Transfers out	(5,939,181)	(10,167,215)	(12,482,312)	(13,122,984)	(16,404,018)	(15,872,953)	(10,823,597)	(12,290,444)	(12,033,747)	(11,859,841)
Other financing sources ⁴	-	-	-	-	19,281,499	31,983,364	5,700,000	3,387,974	8,797,177	6,750,000
Other financing uses									_	-
Total other financing										
sources (uses)					19,281,499	31,983,364	5,700,000	3,387,974	8,797,177	6,750,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ (8,502,373)	\$ (11,024,044)	\$ (1,034,624)	\$ (7,243,576)	\$ 18,407,139	\$ 20,993,982	\$ (2,507,850)	\$ (2,307,560)	\$ 3,763,079	\$ (4,993,762)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	3.99%	3.77%	3.49%	2.95%	2.62%	4.48%	5.92%	6.86%	6.88%	7.52%

¹ General Property Taxes, Interest and Penalties on Tax, Payments in Lieu of Tax, Sales Tax and Franchise Fees.

² Includes revenues in Departmental Income and Intergovernmental Charges categories.

³ Includes revenues in Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss, Refund Prior Year Expenses and Miscellaneous categories.

⁴ Includes debt issuance and capital lease proceeds and premiums.

⁵ Includes serial bonds and capital leases principal.



Schedule VI—Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Year		General Property Taxes		Property Taxes		Interest and Penalties on Taxes		General Sales Taxes	Oth	anchise and er Payments ieu of Taxes	 Total Taxes
2011	\$	63,278,296	\$	267,704	\$	8,410,808	\$	1,998,246	\$ 73,955,054		
2012		63,311,902		494,020		8,752,254		2,035,975	74,594,151		
2013		64,614,646		569,704		9,031,161		1,666,721	75,882,232		
2014		64,287,462		216,097		9,162,055		1,582,684	75,248,298		
2015		64,103,448		710,384		9,516,474		1,610,265	75,940,571		
2016		66,155,136		478,126		9,264,567		1,813,131	77,710,960		
2017		66,192,891		407,025		9,464,187		1,488,295	77,552,398		
2018		68,277,288		389,593		9,691,442		1,538,713	79,897,036		
2019		69,021,890		330,969		10,253,271		1,577,525	81,183,655		
2020		69,104,041		331,932		9,892,001		1,521,534	80,849,508		

Source: Town of Cheektowaga Finance Department

Schedule VII—Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Real Pr	roperty		
Year ¹	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Assessed Value to Estimated Actual Value ²	Total Direct Rate ³
2011	\$ 2,633,902,317	\$ 4,248,229,544	62%	\$ 15.78703
2012	2,633,911,681	4,248,244,647	62%	15.54829
2013	2,662,059,581	4,293,644,485	62%	16.03904
2014	2,669,660,997	4,305,904,834	62%	15.96640
2015 ⁴	4,504,537,628	4,504,537,628	100%	9.45667
2016	4,599,535,569	4,599,535,569	100%	9.45667
2017	4,714,601,299	4,714,601,299	100%	9.21872
2018	4,783,383,865	4,783,383,865	100%	9.35999
2019	4,773,805,461	4,773,805,461	100%	9.49561
2020	4,628,097,552	4,628,097,552	100%	9.60314

¹ The years indicated relate to the tax levy year. Assessments are compiled from the Town's tax rolls for the preceding year and the equalization rate (see ² below) shown relates to such assessment year.

Source: Annual Report of the Division of Real Property Tax, Department of Finance, County of Erie, New York

² Ratio is the equalization rate as published by the Division of Real Property Tax, Department of Finance, Erie County, New York.

³ The total direct rate represents the amount charged per \$1,000 of assessed property value of the Town of Cheektowaga.

⁴ During 2015, the equalization rate for the Town of Cheektowaga was revised to assess all property at 100 percent of market value.

Schedule VIII—Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (\$)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

				_		Overlapping Rates ¹																			
	To	own Direct Ra	tes		D	epev	<i>i</i>		Sloa	ın			Willia	msv	ille	C	heektowaga	 Union Free #2	 Union Free #3		Lancaster	V	Vest Seneca	_	Total
Year	General Rate	Highway Rate	Tot Dire Ra	ect	Village		Town Outside Village		Village		Town Outside Village		Village		Town Outside Village		Town Outside Village	Town Outside Village	Town Outside Village		Town Outside Village		Town Outside Village		Weighted Average Rate
1 cai	Kate	Kate	Na		village	-	village		village		village		village	_	village	_	village	 village	 village	. —	village	_	village		Rate
2011	\$ 14.27943	\$ 1.50760	\$ 15.	78703	\$ 71.67926	\$	57.43568	\$	73.16678	\$	57.76881	\$	58.63342	\$	53.36302	\$	51.25792	\$ 53.57299	\$ 68.18371	\$	49.99361	\$	51.22230	\$	59.85420
2012	14.06878	1.47951	15.:	54829	72.65415		57.51008		72.80252		57.10108		59.14254		53.79064		51.73464	53.76108	68.47908		50.07477		51.80036		60.08301
2013	14.51031	1.52873	16.0	03904	74.91788		59.00779		93.03561		77.38749		60.48416		55.05765		52.18765	54.82802	70.42641		51.11365		52.70472		66.33189
2014	14.59767	1.36874	15.9	96640	62.17181		46.03482		56.04589		57.30444		47.45332		41.70615		41.40286	42.09632	53.15462		41.24122		24.56312		48.74870
2015	8.65073	0.80594	9.4	45667	46.98721		36.77572		57.72107		47.75697		36.79262		33.21372		31.54345	32.47425	42.18372		31.46295		32.32702		40.75480
2016	8.68978	0.81422	9.:	50401	46.28152		36.11107		57.79835		47.83414		37.47323		34.00088		31.67842	32.94693	41.99266		30.97064		32.04514		40.71820
2017	8.55996	0.65876	9.2	21872	46.01519		35.70057		56.34727		46.66050		34.63577		31.21650		31.15319	32.49761	41.67850		30.16370		31.73075		39.72875
2018	8.65820	0.70179	9.3	35999	46.74895		36.30244		56.89923		47.01306		35.70890		32.63459		31.56678	32.62762	41.48776		31.02650		32.02129		40.23584
2019	8.81721	0.67840	9.4	49561	47.12597		36.66426		57.92964		47.98154		37.68189		34.27750		32.64300	33.84786	42.46687		31.22928		33.47376		41.18451
2020	8.92769	0.67545	9.0	60314	47.95154		37.16492		47.83261		48.62876		38.89258		34.62573		33.47910	35.45452	44.16598		32.51867		34.80282		40.50833

Notes: (1) There are no limitations, either as to the rate or amount, with respect to ad valorem taxes real property in the Town which may be required to pay principal and interest of its bonded indebtedness.

⁽²⁾ Taxes, other than Village and School, are due January 1 to February 15 without penalty. Penalties are 1.5% - February 16 - 28; 3% - March 1 - 15; 4.5% - March 16 - April 2; 6% - April 3 - 16; 7.5% - April 17 - April 30; then 1.5% additional each month thereafter. Unpaid taxes are returned to the Erie County Commissioner of Finance on or about June 30.

⁽³⁾ Assessed values used by the Villages vary from the Town's assessed values because different equalization rates are applicable. For this reason tax rates in the Villages cannot be compared with rates of Town Outside Villages.

⁽⁴⁾ During 2015, the equalization rate for the Town of Cheektowaga was revised to assess all property at 100 percent of market value.

¹ Overlapping rates are those of local governments that apply to property owners within the Town. Not all overlapping rates apply to all the Town's property owners.

Schedule IX—Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2020			2011				
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Assesse Valuatio	1	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	_	Assessed Valuation ¹	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation		
Pyramid Walden Co. (Galleria)	Shopping Mall	\$ 166,38	5,487 1	3.60%	\$	103,531,200	1	3.90%		
Benderson Development	Commercial	136,03	5,351 2	2.94%		26,644,875	4	1.00%		
National Fuel Gas Dist. Co.	Public Utility	39,49	0,729 3	0.85%		32,514,092	3	1.20%		
Niagara Mohawk	Public Utility	31,37	3,453 4	0.68%		17,569,697	6	0.70%		
NYS Electric & Gas Dist. Co.	Public Utility	29,13	4,388 5	0.63%		22,085,010	5	0.80%		
Idylwood Apartments	Apartments	27,00	0,000 6	0.58%		17,513,900	7	0.70%		
Sky Harbor Property, LLC	Real Estate	25,04	1,893 7	0.54%		-	n/a	-		
CSX Transportation Inc.	Transportation	24,26	0,648 8	0.52%		-	n/a	-		
Uniland Development Company	Commercial	24,111	2,630 9	0.52%		-	n/a	-		
Union Consumer Square	Commercial	23,40	0,000 10	0.51%		-	n/a	-		
BG Thruway LLC	Real Estate		- n/a	-		13,826,000	8	0.50%		
DDR MDT Union Customer	Real Estate		- n/a	-		37,603,500	2	1.40%		
American Land Lease	Real Estate Trust		- n/a	-		11,600,700	10	0.40%		
Williamstowne Apartments, LP	Apartments		- n/a			12,579,700	9	0.50%		
Total		\$ 526,23	5,579	11.37%	\$	295,468,674	: :	11.10%		

¹ During 2015, the equalization rate for the Town of Cheektowaga was revised to assess all property at 100 percent of market value.

Source: Town of Cheektowaga Assessor

Schedule X—Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxes	s levied for the Fisca	l Year	competent.		Town Percentage
Town Portion	County Portion	Total	Amount	Percentage of Total Levy	Collected at Date of Return (2)
\$ 70,176,363	\$ 29,688,795	\$ 99,865,157	\$ 92,125,189	92%	100%
70,324,693	30,847,924	101,172,617	92,913,493	92%	100%
71,773,923	30,895,130	102,669,053	94,769,802	92%	100%
71,455,494	31,059,269	102,514,763	94,780,696	92%	100%
71,752,206	33,405,367	105,157,573	96,415,190	92%	100%
73,915,431	33,027,100	106,942,531	98,937,866	93%	100%
73,938,040	33,271,820	107,209,860	99,115,536	92%	100%
76,186,764	33,858,633	110,045,397	102,094,300	93%	100%
77,184,636	34,470,375	111,655,011	104,989,971	94%	100%
77,378,945	37,215,168	114,594,113	107,097,973	93%	100%
	Town Portion \$ 70,176,363 70,324,693 71,773,923 71,455,494 71,752,206 73,915,431 73,938,040 76,186,764 77,184,636	Town Portion Portion \$ 70,176,363 \$ 29,688,795 70,324,693 30,847,924 71,773,923 30,895,130 71,455,494 31,059,269 71,752,206 33,405,367 73,915,431 33,027,100 73,938,040 33,271,820 76,186,764 33,858,633 77,184,636 34,470,375	Portion Portion Total \$ 70,176,363 \$ 29,688,795 \$ 99,865,157 70,324,693 30,847,924 101,172,617 71,773,923 30,895,130 102,669,053 71,455,494 31,059,269 102,514,763 71,752,206 33,405,367 105,157,573 73,915,431 33,027,100 106,942,531 73,938,040 33,271,820 107,209,860 76,186,764 33,858,633 110,045,397 77,184,636 34,470,375 111,655,011	Taxes levied for the Fiscal Year Fiscal Year of Town Town County Portion Total Amount \$ 70,176,363 \$ 29,688,795 \$ 99,865,157 \$ 92,125,189 70,324,693 30,847,924 101,172,617 92,913,493 71,773,923 30,895,130 102,669,053 94,769,802 71,455,494 31,059,269 102,514,763 94,780,696 71,752,206 33,405,367 105,157,573 96,415,190 73,915,431 33,027,100 106,942,531 98,937,866 73,938,040 33,271,820 107,209,860 99,115,536 76,186,764 33,858,633 110,045,397 102,094,300 77,184,636 34,470,375 111,655,011 104,989,971	Town Portion County Portion Total Amount Amount of Total Levy \$ 70,176,363 \$ 29,688,795 \$ 99,865,157 \$ 92,125,189 92% 70,324,693 30,847,924 101,172,617 92,913,493 92% 71,773,923 30,895,130 102,669,053 94,769,802 92% 71,455,494 31,059,269 102,514,763 94,780,696 92% 71,752,206 33,405,367 105,157,573 96,415,190 92% 73,915,431 33,027,100 106,942,531 98,937,866 93% 73,938,040 33,271,820 107,209,860 99,115,536 92% 76,186,764 33,858,633 110,045,397 102,094,300 93% 77,184,636 34,470,375 111,655,011 104,989,971 94%

The total levy included the billing for New York State and Erie County real property taxes which are jointly billed with the Town levies.

Tax payments are due January 1 to February 15th without penalty. Penalties are:

February 16 - 28	1.5%
March 1 - 15	3%
March 16 - 31	4.5%
April 1 - 16	6%
April 17 - 30	7.5%

1.5% added each month thereafter.

- (1) The tax roll is returned to the Eric County Commissioner of Finance after August 31, at which time all unpaid taxes and penalties are payable to them. The Town retains their full tax levies for all funds and special districts prior to remitting the balance plus unpaid items to the County. Thus, the Town is assured of receiving 100% of its tax levy.
- (2) The tax roll is returned to the Erie County Commissioner of Finance after June 30, at which time all unpaid taxes and penalties are payable to him. The Town retains their full tax levies for all funds and special districts prior to remitting the balance plus unpaid items to the County. Thus, the Town has received 100% of its tax levy at the date of return. The County is responsible for collecting the remainder of Erie County real property taxes.

Source: Town of Cheektowaga Tax Office

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Schedule XI—Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Serial Bonds ²	CapitalLeases		Total Amount		Percentage of Personal Income ¹		Debt per Capita ¹
2011	\$ 9,500,949	\$	3,889,900	\$	13,390,849	0.5	58%	\$ 151.78
2012	7,509,560		3,509,688		11,019,248	0.4	47%	124.90
2013	5,828,171		3,111,419		8,939,590	0.4	42%	101.33
2014	4,211,781		2,694,235		6,906,016	0.3	32%	78.28
2015	22,203,793		2,257,238		24,461,031	1.0	08%	277.25
2016	51,862,435		1,799,486		53,661,921	2.3	38%	608.23
2017	54,600,587		1,319,994		55,920,581	2.4	42%	642.63
2018	54,539,275		817,727		55,357,002	2.2	29%	642.33
2019	59,314,340		525,106		59,839,446	2.3	36%	696.75
2020	62,066,363		319,096		62,385,459	2.4	41%	731.67

Notes: Detail regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

 $^{^{1}}$ See Schedule XV for personal income and population data.

² Serial bonds are presented net of related premiums or discounts.

Schedule XII—Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General Bonded Debt Outstanding												
Year	Population		Assessed Value (Taxable)		Gross Bonded Debt ³	I	Less: Debt Service Funds		Net Bonded Debt	Bonde	centage f Net ed Debt to sed Value ¹]	et Bonded Debt per Capita ²
2011	88,226	\$	2,633,902,317	\$	9,500,949	\$	2,045,263	\$	7,455,686	0	.28%	\$	84.51
2012	88,226		2,633,911,681		7,509,560		1,985,934		5,523,626	0	.21%		62.61
2013	88,226		2,662,059,581		5,828,171		1,812,662		4,015,509	0	.15%		45.51
2014	88,226		2,669,660,997		4,211,781		1,748,054		2,463,727	0	.09%		27.93
2015^4	88,226		4,504,537,628		22,203,793		1,834,387		20,369,406	0	.45%		230.88
2016	88,226		4,599,535,569		51,862,435		2,138,729		49,723,706	1	.08%		563.59
2017	87,018		4,714,601,299		54,600,587		1,729,759		52,870,828	1	.12%		607.58
2018	86,181		4,783,383,865		54,539,275		1,807,771		52,731,504	1	.10%		611.87
2019	85,884		4,773,805,461		59,314,340		1,157,707		58,156,633	1	.22%		677.15
2020	85,264		4,628,097,552		62,066,363		1,213,000		60,853,363	1	.31%		713.71

Notes: Detail regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ See Schedule XVII for property value data.

² See Schedule XV for personal income and population data.

³ Gross bonded debt is presented net of related premiums or discounts.

⁴ During 2015, the equalization rate for the Town of Cheektowaga was revised to assess all property at 100 percent of market value.

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Schedule XIII—Computation of Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt As of December 31, 2020

Governmental Unit	Gross Indebtedness ¹	Estimated Exclusions ²	Net Indebtedness	Percentage Applicable ³	Town of Cheektowaga Portion
Estimated direct debt:					
Town of Cheektowaga	\$ 62,385,459			100.00%	\$ 62,385,459
Estimated overlapping debt:					
Villages:					
Depew	6,801,637	-	6,801,637	62.09%	4,223,133
Williamsville	5,320,000	79,000	5,241,000	0.40%	21,051
School districts:					
Cheektowaga Central	24,122,505	16,572,161	7,550,344	100.00%	7,550,344
Cheektowaga-Maryvale Union Free	17,670,000	13,040,460	4,629,540	100.00%	4,629,540
Cleveland Hill Union Free at Cheektowaga	12,485,920	11,224,842	1,261,078	100.00%	1,261,078
Williamsville Central	8,325,000	5,219,775	3,105,225	0.08%	2,489
Lancaster Central	56,030,000	41,630,290	14,399,710	11.70%	1,685,250
Depew Union Free	16,580,000	13,910,620	2,669,380	70.30%	1,876,554
West Seneca Central	35,250,000	30,068,250	5,181,750	28.09%	1,455,543
Union Free School District #9 (Sloan)	19,672,912	17,292,490	2,380,422	97.21%	2,313,952
County of Erie	417,410,981	90,100,981	327,310,000	10.53%	34,455,571
Total estimated overlapping debt	619,668,955	239,138,869	380,530,086		59,474,504
Total estimated direct and overlapping debt	\$ 682,054,414	\$ 239,138,869	\$ 380,530,086		\$ 121,859,963

¹ Direct debt includes the full amount of outstanding long-term debt instruments—including bonds, certificates of participation, loans, and capital leases—of the government.

Sources: Most recent data provided by Town 12-31-20, County 12-31-20, Villages 5-31-20, Schools 6-30-20 and Annual Report of the Division of Real Property Tax, Department of Finance, County of Erie, New York

² Under New York State Statutes certain indebtedness related to Water and Sewer Improvements as well as School Indebtedness funded by State Building Aid may be excluded in the computation of statutory debt limits.

³ For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the Town's boundaries and dividing it by each units total taxable assessed value. This approach was also used with the County of Erie's debt, which was estimated by dividing the Town's assessed value by the total assessed value of the County of Erie.

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Schedule XIV—Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2	2020				
Estimated Actual Value of Real Property (After Exemptions) at December 31:					
2016	\$	4,599,535,569			
2017		4,714,601,299			
2018		4,783,383,865			
2019		4,773,805,461			
2020		4,628,097,552			
Total five-year valuation	<u>\$</u>	23,499,423,746			
Average full valuation	\$	4,699,884,749			
Constitutional debt limit - 7% of average full valuation ¹	\$	328,991,932			
Debt applicable to limit:		_			
General obligation bonds	\$	54,990,000			
Less other deductions allowed by law					
Sewer bonds ²		18,321,000			
Drainage bonds	_	900,000			
Total amount of net indebtedness applicable to debt limit		54,090,000			
Legal debt margin ³	\$	274,901,932			
Percentage of debt contracting power exhausted		16.44%			
	Fiscal Ye	ear			
2011 2012 2013 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 283,930,262 \$ 290,898,149 \$ 292,876,762 \$ 297,381,400 \$	302,407,856 \$	305,638,578	\$ 313,694,858	\$ 320,711,485	\$ 327,26

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016		2017	2018	2019	2020
Debt limit	\$ 283,930,262	\$ 290,898,149	\$ 292,876,762	\$ 297,381,400	\$ 302,407,856	\$ 305,6	38,578	\$ 313,694,858	\$ 320,711,485	\$ 327,262,093	\$ 328,991,932
Total net debt											
applicable to limit	28,414,788	29,836,731	33,088,640	36,414,000	34,982,000	43,2	284,900	46,011,400	46,336,600	51,207,800	54,090,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 255,515,474	\$ 261,061,418	\$ 259,788,122	\$ 260,967,400	\$ 267,425,856	\$ 262,3	53,678	\$ 267,683,458	\$ 274,374,885	\$ 276,054,293	\$ 274,901,932
Total net debt applicable											
to the limit as a											
percentage of debt limit	10.01%	10.26%	11.30%	12.24%	11.57%		14.16%	14.67%	14.45%	15.65%	16.44%

¹ The provisions of Section 104 of the Local Finance Law specifies debt limits of Towns of New York State.

Sources: U.S. Bureau of the Census, New York State Department of Labor, U.S. Department of Labor—Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Bureau of Economic Analysis

² Under the State Constitution, indebtedness contracted for the construction of sewer facilities may be excluded, in ascertaining the debt incurring power of the Town upon application to and the technical approval of the State Comptroller. The Town has not submitted such application, so it cannot formally exclude such indebtedness.

³ There is no constitutional limitation of the amount that may be raised by the Town by tax on real estate in any fiscal year to pay interest and principal on all indebtedness.

Town of Cheektowaga, New York

Schedule XV—Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Per Capita

		Саріта									
Calendar Perso		Personal	Personal	Un	Unemployment Rate ³						
Year	Population	Income ¹	Income	Cheektow	vaga New York State	Force ⁴					
2011	88,226	\$ 26,378	\$ 2,327,	225 7.8%	8.2%	46.9					
2012	88,226	26,378	2,327,	225 8.5%	8.5%	47.2					
2013	88,226	24,355	2,148,	744 6.5%	6.6%	47.2					
2014	88,226	24,355	2,148,	744 5.7%	5.8%	47.2					
2015	88,226	25,597	2,258,	321 5.2%	4.7%	47.2					
2016	88,226	26,342	2,324,	5.3%	4.8%	44.1					
2017	87,018	26,563	2,311,	159 5.4%	4.6%	44.5					
2018	86,181	28,100	2,421,	586 4.5%	4.1%	43.7					
2019	85,884	29,558	2,538,	559 4.3%	4.0%	43.4					
2020	85,264	30,347	2,587,	507 8.7%	8.5%	43.7					

¹ Data represents per capita income for Erie County.

Sources: Town of Cheektowaga Annual Financial Report to the State of New York, Office of the State Comptroller and the Annual Report of the Division of Real Property Tax, Department of Finance, County of Erie, New York

² Estimated, in thousands.

³ Annual averages.

⁴ In thousands.

Schedule XVI—Principal Cheektowaga Chamber of Commerce Business Members Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2020		2011					
Employer	Type	Approx. No. of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Labor Force ²	Approx. No.	Rank	Percentage of Labor Force ²			
Walden Galleria Mall	Retail	3000	1	6.86%	-	-	-			
St. Joseph Hospital	Hospital	800	2	1.83%	800	1	1.68%			
Ingersoll Rand	Industrial	600	3	1.37%	-	_	-			
Derrick Corporation	Industrial	500	4	1.14%	500	3	1.05%			
Town of Cheektowaga ¹	Local Government	436	5	1.00%	460	4	0.96%			
Cheektowaga Central Schools	Public Schools	350	6	0.80%	350	6	0.73%			
Maryvale School District	Public Schools	310	7	0.71%	350	7	0.73%			
First Student Bus Service	Transportation	280	8	0.64%	300	8	0.63%			
Rosina Foods	Industrial	260	9	0.59%	260	9	0.55%			
Upstate Niagara Cooperative, Inc.	Industrial	250	10	0.57%	250	10	0.52%			
ITT Standard	Industrial	250	10	0.57%	-	_	-			
Quebecor	Industrial	-	-	-	400	55	0.84%			
Cameron, Inc.	Industrial	-	-	-	700	2	1.47%			

¹ Full-time only.

Source: Town Officials, as listed in the 2020 Serial Bond Issuance Documentation and Cheektowaga Chamber of Commerce

² Estimated.

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK
Schedule XVII—Full-time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program:	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General government support:										
Supervisor	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Personnel	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Accounting	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Information Services	4	4	4	4	6	6	6	6	6	6
Assessors	5	5	5	5	6	5	5	5	5	5
Central Printing	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Building Maintenance	9	9	12	12	12	11	10	10	10	10
Central Garage	11	11	10	9	9	8	8	8	8	8
Council	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Engineering	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7
Justice	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13
Law	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	2	2	3
Town Clerk	7	7	7	6	5	5	5	5	5	5
Total	82	82	84	82	83	76	75	74	74	75
Public safety:										
Dispatchers	29	28	29	28	28	27	27	27	27	27
Officers	128	129	128	129	129	129	129	129	129	129
Civilians	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Animal control	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sign Maintenance	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Building & Plumbing -										
Code Enforcement	19	17	17	17	16	16	15	15	17	17
Total	189	187	187	187	186	185	184	184	186	186
Transportation:										
Highway	75	74	71	70	70	69	69	69	69	69

(continued)

(concluded)

Function/Program:	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Economic assistance and opportunity:										
Community Development	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Culture and recreation:										
Parks/Facilities	21	21	21	19	19	19	20	20	20	20
Youth & Recreation	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Senior Services	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Total	36	36	36	34	34	34	35	35	35	35
Home and community services:										
Sanitation	45	45	41	40	39	40	40	40	40	40
Sewer	21	20	19	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Main Pump	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11
Total	78	77	72	69	68	68	68	68	68	68
Total	465	460	454	446	445	436	435	434	436	437

Source: Various Town departments

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Schedule XVIII—Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020
Town Justices' Caseload:										
Cases processed:										
Motor vehicle	18,021	26,590	19,984	17,275	13,017	11,913	16,629	17,015	18,604	10,294
Criminal	5,443	5,634	5,459	4,505	3,176	3,448	5,917	4,987	5,524	3,338
Civil	769	705	1,122	313	916	783	928	798	763	308
Fines assessed:										
Motor vehicle	\$ 1,714,594	\$ 1,703,720	\$ 1,753,580	\$ 1,400,141	\$ 1,404,349	\$ 1,228,738	\$ 1,347,157	\$ 1,376,085	\$ 1,459,476	\$ 900,843
Criminal	\$ 214,195	\$ 205,078	\$ 269,970	\$ 161,955	\$ 161,815	\$ 172,506	\$ 220,742	\$ 168,845	\$ 201,368	\$ 206,418
Civil	\$ 14,175	\$ 13,065	\$ 22,155	\$ 5,340	\$ 17,200	\$ 16,675	\$ 17,395	\$ 15,070	\$ 14,390	\$ 5,625
Number of Building Permits:										
One family	5	5	10	17	14	13	6	7	11	10
Two family	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Apartments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	68
Other	2,068	2,016	784	2,090	2,114	3,323	3,360	3,340	3,536	2,825
Value of construction	\$ 45,859,274	\$ 52,700,000	\$ 62,751,826	\$ 54,695,563	\$ 62,256,012	\$ 48,267,678	\$ 42,000,000	\$ 36,000,000	\$ 45,773,000	\$ 26,502,000
Police:										
Arrests	5,146	5,562	5,693	5,280	5,063	5,449	4,336	4,299	3,403	2,610
Traffic tickets	9,768	9,875	10,241	10,304	10,449	10,143	9,972	11,838	11,554	6,382
Calls for service	52,658	52,049	53,311	54,725	56,313	53,914	59,008	64,145	59,251	56,329
Police reports	10,371	10,666	10,500	10,468	9,885	10,677	9,388	9,416	9,808	8,791
Refuse Collection:										
Refuse collected (tons										
annually)	31,637	30,171	30,701	29,847	29,778	32,428	29,992	29,731	30,129	32,146

Source: Various Town departments

TOWN OF CHEEKTOWAGA, NEW YORK Schedule XIX—Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program:	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Substations	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Patrol vehicles	49	48	50	58	49	52	49	49	51	51
Refuse collection:										
Collection trucks	19	18	19	23	19	21	21	21	18	18
Other public works:										
Streets (miles)	389	389	389	389	389	389	389	389 389 389 1,309 1,310 1,310 41 41 41		389
Streetlights	1,310	1,310	1,310	1,310	1,309	1,309	1,309	1,309	1,310	1,310
Traffic signals	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41
Parks and recreation:										
Acreage	552	552	552	552	552	552	552	552	552	552
Playgrounds	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Baseball/softball diamonds	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Soccer/football fields	5	5	5	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Community centers	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Water:										
Fire hydrants	1,381	1,381	1,383	1,383	1,386	1,386	1,386	1,386	1,386	1,386
Wastewater:										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	201	201	201	201	201	203	203	203	203	203
Storm sewers (miles)	186	186	191	194	194	195	195	195	217	222
Senior Center:										
Transport vans	7	6	7	7	8	8	7	7	7	7

Sources: Various Town departments

